

# HITACHI



## **SERVICE MANUAL MANUEL D'ENTRETIEN WARTUNGSHANDBUCH**

**SM009**

42PD3200A  
42PD6600  
42PD6600A  
42PD6600L  
42PD6A10

### **CAUTION:**

Before servicing this chassis, it is important that the service technician read the "Safety Precautions" and "Product Safety Notices" in this service manual.

### **ATTENTION:**

Avant d'effectuer l'entretien du châssis, le technicien doit lire les «Précautions de sécurité» et les «Notices de sécurité du produit» présentés dans le présent manuel.

### **VORSICHT:**

Vor Öffnen des Gehäuses hat der Service-Ingenieur die „Sicherheitshinweise" und „Hinweise zur Produktsicherheit" in diesem Wartungshandbuch zu lesen.

Data contained within this Service manual is subject to alteration for improvement.

Les données fournies dans le présent manuel d'entretien peuvent faire l'objet de modifications en vue de perfectionner le produit.

Die in diesem Wartungshandbuch enthaltenen Spezifikationen können sich zwecks Verbesserungen ändern.

SPECIFICATIONS AND PARTS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE FOR IMPROVEMENT

**Plasma TV  
August 2005**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION .....	1
2.	TUNER.....	1
3.	IF PART (TDA9886) .....	1
4.	MULTI STANDARD SOUND PROCESSOR .....	2
5.	VIDEO SWITCH TEA6415 .....	2
6.	AUDIO AMPLIFIER STAGE WITH TPA3004D2 .....	2
7.	POWER SUPPLY (SMPS) .....	3
8.	MICROCONTROLLER .....	5
9.	EEPROM 24LC32.....	6
10.	CLASS AB STEREO HEADPHONE DRIVER TDA1308 .....	6
11.	SAW FILTERS .....	6
12.	IC DESCRIPTIONS .....	7
12.1.	TEA6415C .....	8
12.1.1.	General Description .....	8
12.1.2.	Features .....	8
12.1.3.	Pinning .....	8
12.2.	24LC02 .....	9
12.2.1.	Description.....	9
12.2.2.	Features .....	9
12.2.3.	Pinning .....	9
12.3.	24LC32 .....	10
12.3.1.	General Description .....	10
12.3.2.	Features .....	10
12.3.3.	Pinning .....	10
12.4.	74LVC14A .....	11
12.4.1.	Description.....	11
12.4.2.	Features .....	11
12.4.3.	Pinning .....	11
12.5.	TEA6420.....	12
12.5.1.	Features .....	12
12.5.2.	Description.....	12
12.5.3.	Pin Connections .....	12
12.6.	CS4334.....	12
12.6.1.	Features .....	12
12.6.2.	General Description .....	12
12.6.3.	Pin Descriptions .....	13
12.7.	DS90C385.....	13
12.7.1.	General Description .....	13
12.7.2.	Features .....	13
12.7.3.	Pin Description .....	14
12.8.	GAL16LV8.....	14
12.8.1.	Description.....	14
12.8.2.	Features .....	15
12.8.3.	Pin connections.....	15
12.9.	K6R4008V1D.....	15
12.9.1.	Description.....	15
12.9.2.	Features .....	16
12.9.3.	Pin Description .....	16
12.10.	KA278R33 .....	17
12.10.1.	Features .....	17
12.10.2.	Description.....	17
12.11.	LM1086.....	17
12.11.1.	Description.....	17
12.11.2.	Features .....	17
12.11.3.	Applications .....	17
12.11.4.	Connection Diagrams .....	17
12.12.	LM1117.....	18

12.12.1.	General Description .....	18
12.12.2.	Features .....	18
12.12.3.	Applications .....	18
12.12.4.	Connection Diagrams .....	18
12.13.	LM317 .....	18
12.13.1.	General Description .....	18
12.13.2.	Features .....	18
12.13.3.	Pin Description .....	19
12.14.	LM809 .....	19
12.14.1.	General Description .....	19
12.14.2.	Features .....	19
12.14.3.	Pinning .....	19
12.15.	MSP34X0G (MSP3410G) .....	20
12.15.1.	Introduction .....	20
12.15.2.	Features .....	20
12.15.3.	Pin connections .....	21
12.16.	M29W040B .....	22
12.16.1.	Description .....	22
12.16.2.	Features .....	23
12.16.3.	Pin Descriptions .....	23
12.17.	MC33202 .....	23
12.17.1.	General Description .....	23
12.17.2.	Features .....	23
12.17.3.	Pin Connections .....	24
12.18.	PCF8574 .....	24
12.18.1.	General Description .....	24
12.18.2.	Features .....	24
12.18.3.	Pinning .....	24
12.19.	TSOP1836 .....	25
12.19.1.	Description .....	25
12.19.2.	Features .....	25
12.20.	PI5V330 .....	25
12.20.1.	General Description .....	25
12.21.	SDA55XX (SDA5550) .....	26
12.21.1.	General description .....	26
12.22.	Sil 9993 .....	26
12.22.1.	General Description .....	26
12.22.2.	Features .....	26
12.23.	SN74CB3Q3305 .....	27
12.23.1.	General Description .....	27
12.23.2.	Features .....	27
12.23.3.	Pin Connections .....	27
12.24.	ST24LC21 .....	28
12.24.1.	Description .....	28
12.24.2.	Features .....	28
12.24.3.	Pin connections .....	28
12.25.	LM2576 .....	28
12.25.1.	General Description .....	28
12.25.2.	Features .....	29
12.25.3.	Pin description .....	29
12.26.	MC34063 .....	29
12.26.1.	Description .....	29
12.26.2.	Features .....	29
12.26.3.	Pin connections .....	30
12.27.	TDA1308 .....	30
12.27.1.	General Description .....	30
12.27.2.	Features .....	30
12.27.3.	Pinning .....	30
12.28.	TDA9886 .....	30
12.28.1.	General Description .....	30

12.28.2.	<b>Features</b> .....	30
12.28.3.	<b>Pinning</b> .....	31
12.29.	TPA3004D2 .....	32
12.29.1.	<b>General Description</b> .....	32
12.29.2.	<b>Features</b> .....	32
12.29.3.	<b>Pinning</b> .....	32
12.30.	μPA672T .....	34
12.30.1.	<b>General Description</b> .....	34
12.30.2.	<b>Features</b> .....	34
12.30.3.	<b>Pin Connection</b> .....	34
12.31.	VPC3230D .....	34
12.31.1.	<b>General Description</b> .....	34
12.31.2.	<b>Pin Connections and Short Descriptions</b> .....	34
13.	SERVICE MENU SETTINGS .....	37
13.1.	Service Menu Items .....	37
13.1.1.	<b>Picture Adjust</b> .....	37
13.1.2.	<b>SOUND1</b> .....	37
13.1.3.	<b>SOUND 2</b> .....	37
13.1.4.	<b>Options</b> .....	38
13.1.5.	<b>TV Norm</b> .....	38
13.1.6.	<b>Features</b> .....	38
13.1.7.	<b>Teletext</b> .....	38
13.1.8.	<b>Source</b> .....	38
14.	BOARD LOCATIONS .....	39
15.	BLOCK DIAGRAM .....	43
16.	CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS .....	44

## 1. INTRODUCTION

42" Plasma TV is a progressive TV control system with built-in **de-interlacer** and **scaler**. It uses a 1024\*1024 panel with 16:9 aspect ratio. The TV is capable of operation in PAL, SECAM, NTSC (playback) colour standards and multiple transmission standards as B/G, D/K, I/I', and L/L' including German and NICAM stereo. Sound system output is supplying 2x10W (10%THD) for stereo 8Ω speakers. The chassis is equipped with many inputs and outputs allowing it to be used as a center of a media system.

It supports following peripherals:

- 3 SCART sockets
- 1 AV input (CVBS + Stereo Audio)
- 1 SVHS input
- 1 Stereo Headphone input
- 1 Component input (YPbPr + Stereo Audio)
- 1 D-Sub 15 PC input
- 1 HDMI input
- 1 Stereo audio input for PC
- 1 Stereo audio output
- 1 Subwoofer output

## 2. TUNER

The tuners used in the design are combined VHF, UHF tuners suitable for CCIR systems B/G, H, L, L', I/I', and D/K. The tuning is available through the digitally controlled I<sup>2</sup>C bus (PLL). Below you will find info on one of the Tuners in use.

### General description of UV1316:

The UV1316 tuner belongs to the UV 1300 family of tuners, which are designed to meet a wide range of applications. It is a combined VHF, UHF tuner suitable for CCIR systems B/G, H, L, L', I and I'. The low IF output impedance has been designed for direct drive of a wide variety of SAW filters with sufficient suppression of triple transient.

### Features of UV1316:

1. Member of the UV1300 family small sized UHF/VHF tuners
2. Systems CCIR: B/G, H, L, L', I and I'; OIRT: D/K
3. Digitally controlled (PLL) tuning via I<sup>2</sup>C-bus
4. Off-air channels, S-cable channels and Hyperband
5. World standardised mechanical dimensions and world standard pinning
6. Compact size
7. Complies to "CENELEC EN55020" and "EN55013"

### Pinning:

- |     |                                     |   |                             |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| 1.  | Gain control voltage (AGC)          | : | 4.0V, Max: 4.5V             |
| 2.  | Tuning voltage                      |   |                             |
| 3.  | I <sup>2</sup> C-bus address select | : | Max: 5.5V                   |
| 4.  | I <sup>2</sup> C-bus serial clock   | : | Min:-0.3V, Max: 5.5V        |
| 5.  | I <sup>2</sup> C-bus serial data    | : | Min:-0.3V, Max: 5.5V        |
| 6.  | Not connected                       |   |                             |
| 7.  | PLL supply voltage                  | : | 5.0V, Min: 4.75V, Max: 5.5V |
| 8.  | ADC input                           |   |                             |
| 9.  | Tuner supply voltage                | : | 33V, Min: 30V, Max: 35V     |
| 10. | Symmetrical IF output 1             |   |                             |
| 11. | Symmetrical IF output 2             |   |                             |

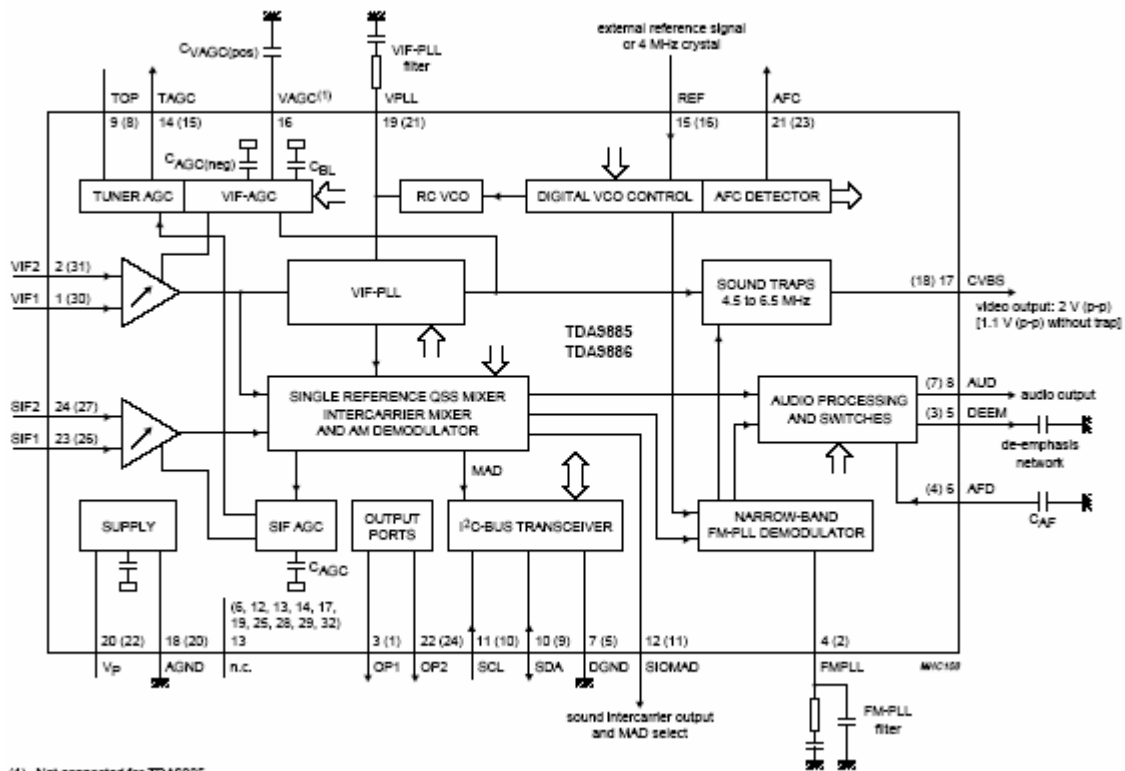
## 3. IF PART (TDA9886)

The TDA9886 is an alignment-free multistandard (PAL, SECAM and NTSC) vision and sound IF signal PLL. The following figure shows the simplified block diagram of the integrated circuit.

The integrated circuit comprises the following functional blocks:

VIF amplifier, Tuner and VIF-AGC, VIF-AGC detector, Frequency Phase-Locked Loop (FPLL) detector, VCO and divider, Digital acquisition help and AFC, Video demodulator and amplifier, Sound carrier trap, SIF amplifier, SIF-AGC detector, Single reference QSS mixer, AM demodulator, FM demodulator and acquisition

help, Audio amplifier and mute time constant, I<sup>2</sup>C-bus transceivers and MAD (module address), Internal voltage stabilizer.



#### 4. MULTI STANDARD SOUND PROCESSOR

The MSP34x0G family of single-chip Multistandard Sound Processors covers the sound processing of all analogue TV-Standards worldwide, as well as the NICAM digital sound standards. The full TV sound processing, starting with analogue sound IF signal-in, down to processed analogue AF-out, is performed on a single chip.

These TV sound processing ICs include versions for processing the multichannel television sound (MTS) signal conforming to the standard recommended by the Broadcast Television Systems Committee (BTSC). The DBX noise reduction, or alternatively, Micronas Noise Reduction (MNR) is performed alignment free. Other processed standards are the Japanese FM-FM multiplex standard (EIA-J) and the FM Stereo Radio standard.

Current ICs have to perform adjustment procedures in order to achieve good stereo separation for BTSC and EIA-J. The MSP 34x1G has optimum stereo performance without any adjustments.

#### 5. VIDEO SWITCH TEA6415

In case of three or more external sources are used, the video switch IC TEA6415 is used. The main function of this device is to switch 8 video-input sources on the 6 outputs.

Each output can be switched on only one of each input. On each input an alignment of the lowest level of the signal is made (bottom of sync. top for CVBS or black level for RGB signals).

Each nominal gain between any input and output is 6.5dB. For D2MAC or Chroma signal the alignment is switched off by forcing, with an external resistor bridge, 5VDC on the input. Each input can be used as a normal input or as a MAC or Chroma input (with external Resistor Bridge). All the switching possibilities are changed through the BUS. Driving 75ohm load needs an external resistor. It is possible to have the same input connected to several outputs.

#### 6. AUDIO AMPLIFIER STAGE WITH TPA3004D2

The TPA3004D2 is a 12-W (per channel) efficient, Class-D audio amplifier for driving bridged-tied stereo speakers. The TPA3004D2 can drive stereo speakers as low as 4 Ω. The high efficiency of the TPA3004D2 eliminates the need for external heatsinks when playing music.

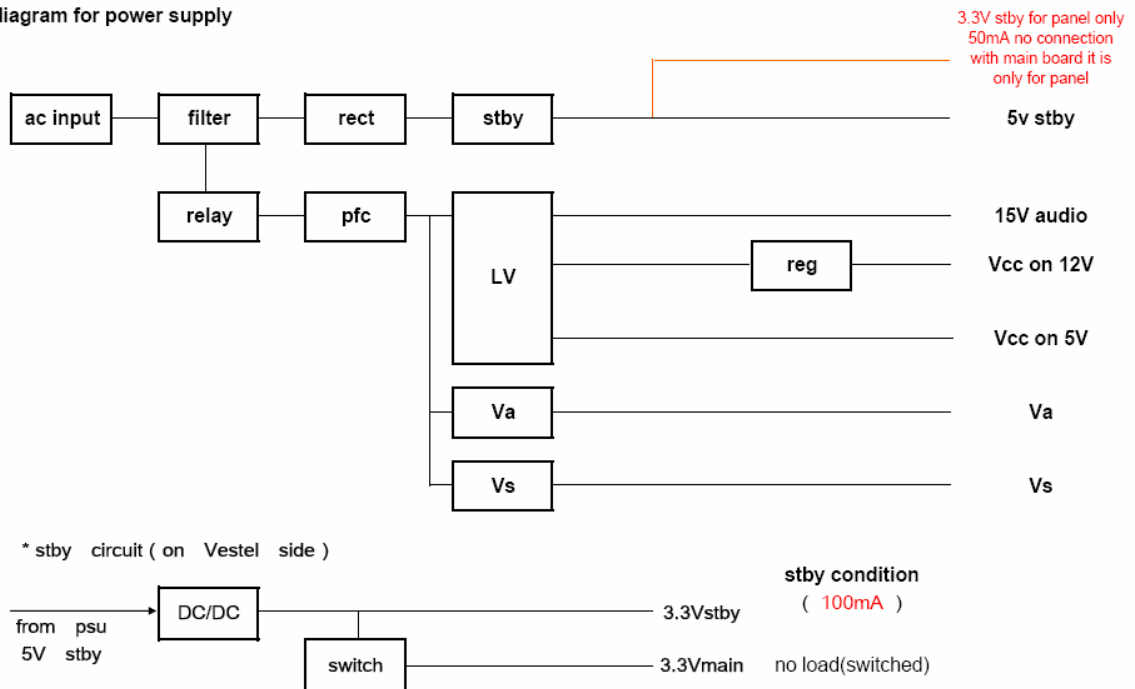
Stereo speaker volume is controlled with a dc voltage applied to the volume control terminal offering a range of gain from -40 dB to 36 dB. Line outputs, for driving external headphone amplifier inputs, are also dc voltage controlled with a range of gain from -56 dB to 20 dB.

An integrated 5-V regulated supply is provided for powering an external headphone amplifier.

## 7. POWER SUPPLY (SMPS)

The required DC voltages; at various parts of the chassis; are provided by an SMPS (switch mode power supply). Block diagram of SMPS as follow

blockdiagram for power supply



Connector layout as follows

### 1.AC Input

No. CN61	Type B2P3-VH(JST)
1	AC(L)
2	NC no pin
3	AC(N)

### 3.SIGS CN1

No. CN11	Type B8B-XH(JST)
1	5.1V ( Vcc_ON5V)
2	5.1V ( Vcc_ON5V)
3	5.1V ( Vcc_ON5V)
4	gnd
5	gnd
6	gnd
7	AC-Off singal resarved
8	3.3 STBY(V_cont 3.3V )

change type EH to XH

### 6.Panel 1

No. CN64	Type B10P-VH(JST)
1	Va
2	NC
3	VCC(panel Vcc)
4	GND
5	GND
6	GND
7	NC
8	VS
9	VS
10	VS

### 4.SIGS CN2

No. CN10	Type B9B-XH(JST)
1	5V STBY
2	5V STBY
3	5V STBY
4	GND
5	12V ( Vcc_ON12V)
6	12V ( Vcc_ON12V)
7	GND
8	GND
9	3.3 V protection signal

change type EH to XH

### 7.Panel Logic

No. CN69	Type B9B-PH(JST)
1	VCC(panel Vcc)
2	GND
3	3.3 STBY(V_cont 3.3V )
4	GND
5	nc
6	NC
7	Vcego
8	Vsago
9	NC

NC

Keep as NC

input signal

input signal

connect only

add:3.3V stby for panel

### 5.Audio → SIGS

No. CN2	Type B4B-XH(JST)
1	Vcc_ON16-2V
2	Vcc_ON16-2V
3	GND
4	GND

change type EH to XH

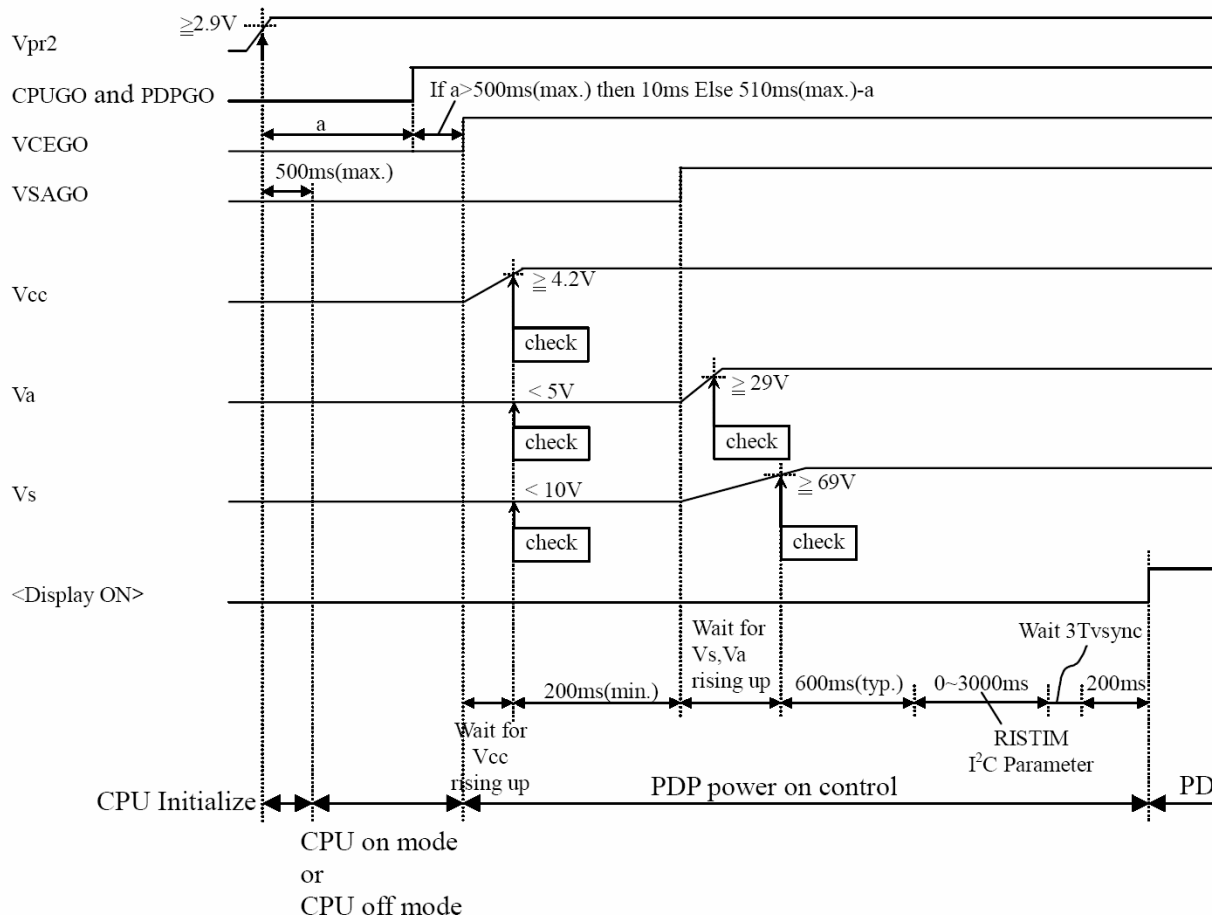
SMPS can work between 120V – 240 AC and generate following voltages

Vs	80V 3A (For panel)
Va	60V 0.7A (For panel)
15V audio	15V 2.1 A (Audio)
12V	12V 1A (For 60V regulation circuitry)
Vcc on	5.1V 6.2 A ( For panel and main board)
5V stby	5V 1.5A (For panel and main board)

## POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

### START UP SEQUENCE

- Set CPUGO "High". VCC becomes ready.
- Set PDPGO "High" This product outputs VCEGO "High" after the confirmation of PDPGO "High" and VCC "Low".
- Input Vcc after the confirmation of VCEGO "High". When Vcc becomes higher than a set voltage, and Va, Vs are confirmed to lower than set voltages.
- Input Vs and Va after confirmation of VSAGO "High". This product wait 5 sec for Va, Vs more than set values. If Va and Vs don't rise up to more than set voltages within 5 sec., this product once shuts down and retries the start up sequence from the beginning.



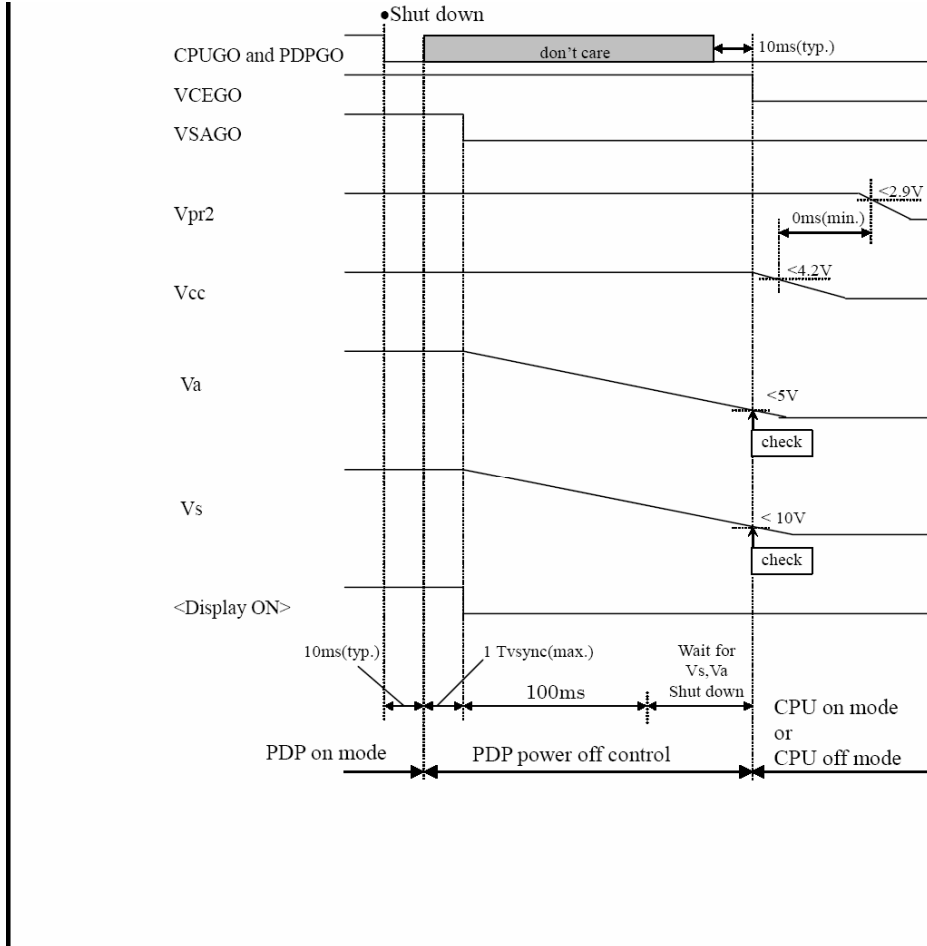
\*Vcego mentioned as Stanby and Vsage mentioned as PDP go on main board.



## SHUT DOWN SEQUENCE

Shut Down sequence for this product as follows.

- Set PDPGO or CPUGO "low". This product stops to display and outputs VSAGO "low".
- Cut Vs and Va after the confirmation of VSAGO "low". This product outputs VCEGO "low" after the confirmation that Vs and Va are lower than set Values.
- Cut Vcc after the confirmation of VCEGO "low".



On daughter board 3.3 V (normal) is generating and transferring the voltages to main board. Main board gets 5V stby, 5V, 3.3V and 15V.

## 8. MICROCONTROLLER

The Micronas SDA 55xx TV microcontroller is dedicated to 8 bit applications for TV control and provides dedicated graphic features designed for modern low class to mid range TV sets. The SDA 55xx provides also an integrated general purposefully 8051-compatible microcontroller with specific hardware features especially suitable in TV sets. The microcontroller core has been enhanced to provide powerful features such as memory banking, data pointers and additional interrupts, etc. The internal XRAM consists of up to 16 kBytes. The microcontroller provides an internal ROM of up to 128 kBytes. ROMless versions can access up to 1 MByte of external RAM and ROM. The 8-bit microcontroller runs at 33.33 MHz internal clock. SDA 55xx is realized in 0.25 micron technology with 2.5 V supply voltage for the core and 3.3 V for the I/O port pins to make them TTL compatible. Based on the SDA 55xx microcontroller the MINTS software package was developed and provides dedicated device drivers for many Micronas video & audio products and includes a full blown TV control SW for the PEPER application chassis. The SDA 55xx is also supported with powerful design tools like emulators from Hitex, Kleinhenz, iSystems, the Keil C51 Compiler and TEDIpro OSD development SW by Tara Systems.

## 9. EEPROM 24LC32

The Microchip Technology Inc. 24AA32A/24LC32A(24XX32A\*) is a 32 Kbit Electrically Erasable PROM. The device is organized as four blocks of 8K x 8-bit memory with a 2-wire serial interface. Low-voltage design permits operation down to 1.8V, with standby and active currents of only 1µA and 1mA, respectively. It has been developed for advanced, low-power applications such as personal communications or data acquisition. The 24XX32A also has a page write capability for up to 32 bytes of data. Functional address lines allow up to eight devices on the same bus, for up to 256Kbits address space.

## 10. CLASS AB STEREO HEADPHONE DRIVER TDA1308

The TDA1308 is an integrated class AB stereo headphone driver contained in a DIP8 plastic package. The device is fabricated in a 1 mm CMOS process and has been primarily developed for portable digital audio applications.

## 11. SAW FILTERS

### K9656M:

#### Standard:

- B/G
- D/K
- I
- L/L'

#### Features

- TV IF audio filter with two channels
- Channel 1 (L') with one pass band for sound carriers at 40.40 MHz (L') and 39.75 MHz (L'- NICAM)
- Channel 2 (B/G, D/K, L, I) with one pass band for sound carriers between 32.35 MHz and 33.40 MHz

#### Terminals

- Tinned CuFe alloy

#### Pin configuration

- 1 Input
- 2 Switching input
- 3 Chip carrier - ground
- 4 Output
- 5 Output

### K3958M:

#### Standard:

- B/G
- D/K
- I
- L/L'

#### Features

- TV IF video filter with Nyquist slopes at 33.90 MHz and 38.90 MHz
- Constant group delay

#### Terminals

Tinned CuFe alloy

#### Pin configuration

- 1 Input
- 2 Input - ground
- 3 Chip carrier - ground
- 4 Output
- 5 Output

## **12. IC DESCRIPTIONS**

TEA6415C  
24LC02  
24LC32  
74LVC14A  
TEA6420D  
CS4334  
DS90C385  
GAL16LV8  
K6R4008V1  
KA278R33  
LM1086  
LM1117  
LM317T  
LM809  
MSP3411G  
M29W040B  
MC33202  
PCF8574  
TSOP1836  
PI5V330  
SDA5550  
SII9993  
SN74CB3Q3305  
ST24LC21  
LM2576  
MC34063  
TDA1308  
TDA9886T  
TPA3004D2  
μPA672T  
VPC3230D

## 12.1. TEA6415C

### 12.1.1. General Description

The main function of the IC is to switch 8 video input sources on 6 outputs. Each output can be switched on only one of each input. On each input an alignment of the lowest level of the signal is made (bottom of synch. top for CVBS or black level for RGB signals). Each nominal gain between any input and output is 6.5dB. For D2MAC or Chroma signal the alignment is switched off by forcing, with an external resistor bridge, 5 V<sub>DC</sub> on the input. Each input can be used as a normal input or as a MAC or Chroma input (with external resistor bridge). All the switching possibilities are changed through the BUS. Driving 75Ω load needs an external transistor. It is possible to have the same input connected to several outputs. The starting configuration upon power on (power supply: 0 to 10V) is undetermined. In this case, 6 words of 16 bits are necessary to determine one configuration. In other case, 1 word of 16 bits is necessary to determine one configuration.

### 12.1.2. Features

- 20MHz Bandwidth
- Cascadable with another TEA6415C (Internal address can be changed by pin 7 voltage)
- 8 Inputs (CVBS, RGB, MAC, CHROMA,...)
- 6 Outputs
- Possibility of MAC or chroma signal for each input by switching-off the clamp with an external resistor bridge
- Bus controlled
- 6.5dB gain between any input and output
- 55dB crosstalk at 5mHz
- Fully ESD protected

### 12.1.3. Pinning

1.	Input	:	Max	:	2Vpp, Input Current: 1mA, Max: 3mA
2.	Data	:	Low level	:	-0.3V Max: 1.5V,
			High level	:	3.0V Max : Vcc+0.5V
3.	Input	:	Max	:	2Vpp, Input Current: 1mA, Max : 3mA
4.	Clock	:	Low level	:	-0.3V Max: 1.5V,
			High level	:	3.0V Max : Vcc+0.5V
5.	Input	:	Max	:	2Vpp, Input Current: 1mA, Max: 3mA
6.	Input	:	Max	:	2Vpp, Input Current: 1mA, Max: 3mA
7.	Prog	:		:	
8.	Input	:	Max	:	2Vpp, Input Current: 1mA, Max: 3mA
9.	Vcc	:	12V	:	
10.	Input	:	Max	:	2Vpp, Input Current: 1mA, Max: 3mA
11.	Input	:	Max	:	2Vpp, Input Current: 1mA, Max: 3mA
12.	Ground	:		:	
13.	Output	:	5.5Vpp,	Min :	4.5Vpp
14.	Output	:	5.5Vpp,	Min :	4.5Vpp
15.	Output	:	5.5Vpp,	Min :	4.5Vpp
16.	Output	:	5.5Vpp,	Min :	4.5Vpp
17.	Output	:	5.5Vpp,	Min :	4.5Vpp
18.	Output	:	5.5Vpp,	Min :	4.5Vpp
19.	Ground	:		:	
20.	Input	:		Max :	2Vpp, Input Current : 1mA, Max : 3mA

## 12.2. 24LC02

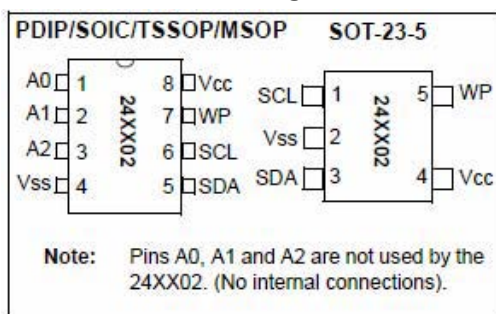
### 12.2.1. Description

The Microchip Technology Inc. 24AA02/24LC02B (24XX02\*) is a 2 Kbit Electrically Erasable PROM. The device is organized as one block of 256 x 8-bit memory with a 2-wire serial interface. Low-voltage design permits operation down to 1.8V, with standby and active currents of only 1μA and 1mA, respectively. The 24XX02 also has a page write capability for up to 8 bytes of data.

### 12.2.2. Features

- Single supply with operation down to 1.8V
- Low-power CMOS technology
  - 1mA active current typical
  - 1μA standby current typical (I-temp)
- Organized as 1 block of 256 bytes (1 x 256 x 8)
- 2-wire serial interface bus, I<sup>2</sup>C™ compatible
- Schmitt Trigger inputs for noise suppression
- Output slope control to eliminate ground bounce
- 100 kHz (24AA02) and 400 kHz (24LC02B) compatibility
- Self-timed write cycle (including auto-erase)
- Page write buffer for up to 8 bytes
- 2ms typical write cycle time for page write
- Hardware write-protect for entire memory
- Can be operated as a serial ROM
- Factory programming (QTP) available
- ESD protection > 4,000V
- 1,000,000 erase/write cycles
- Data retention > 200 years
- 8-lead PDIP, SOIC, TSSOP and MSOP packages
- 5-lead SOT-23 package
- Pb-free finish available
- Available for extended temperature ranges:
  - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
  - Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C

### 12.2.3. Pinning



Name	PDIP	SOIC	TSSOP	MSOP	SOT23	Description
A0	1	1	1	1	—	Not Connected
A1	2	2	2	2	—	Not Connected
A2	3	3	3	3	—	Not Connected
Vss	4	4	4	4	2	Ground
SDA	5	5	5	5	3	Serial Address/Data I/O
SCL	6	6	6	6	1	Serial Clock
WP	7	7	7	7	5	Write-Protect Input
Vcc	8	8	8	8	4	+1.8V to 5.5V Power Supply

## 12.3. 24LC32

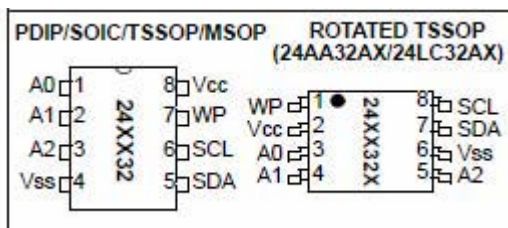
### 12.3.1. General Description

The Microchip Technology Inc. 24AA32A/24LC32A(24XX32A\*) is a 32 Kbit Electrically Erasable PROM. The device is organized as four blocks of 8K x 8-bit memory with a 2-wire serial interface. Low-voltage design permits operation down to 1.8V, with standby and active currents of only 1µA and 1mA, respectively. It has been developed for advanced, low-power applications such as personal communications or data acquisition. The 24XX32A also has a page write capability for up to 32 bytes of data. Functional address lines allow up to eight devices on the same bus, for up to 256Kbits address space.

### 12.3.2. Features

- Single supply with operation down to 1.8V
- Low-power CMOS technology
  - 1mA active current typical
  - 1µA standby current typical (I-temp)
- Organized as 4 block of 8K bits (32K bit)
- 2-wire serial interface bus, I<sup>2</sup>C™ compatible
- Schmitt Trigger inputs for noise suppression
- Output slope control to eliminate ground bounce
- 100 kHz (<2.5V) and 400 kHz (≥2.5V) compatibility
- Self-timed write cycle (including auto-erase)
- Page write buffer for up to 8 bytes
- 2ms typical write cycle time for page write
- Hardware write-protect for entire memory
- Can be operated as a serial ROM
- Factory programming (QTP) available
- ESD protection > 4,000V
- 1,000,000 erase/write cycles
- Data retention > 200 years
- 8-lead PDIP, SOIC, TSSOP and MSOP packages
- 5-lead SOT-23 package
- Standard and Pb-free finishes available
- Available for extended temperature ranges:
  - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
  - Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C

### 12.3.3. Pinning



Name	PDIP	SOIC	TSSOP	MSOP	ROTATED TSSOP	Description
A0	1	1	1	1	3	Chip Address Input
A1	2	2	2	2	4	Chip Address Input
A2	3	3	3	3	5	Chip Address Input
Vss	4	4	4	4	6	Ground
SDA	5	5	5	5	7	Serial Address/Data I/O
SCL	6	6	6	6	8	Serial Clock
WP	7	7	7	7	1	Write-Protect Input
Vcc	8	8	8	8	2	+1.8V to 5.5V Power Supply

## 12.4. 74LVC14A

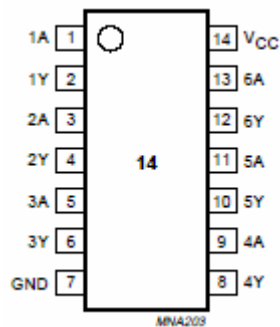
### 12.4.1. Description

The 74LVC14A is a high-performance, low-power, low-voltage, Si-gate CMOS device, superior to most advanced CMOS compatible TTL families. Inputs can be driven from either 3.3 or 5V devices. This feature allows the use of these devices as translators in a mixed 3.3 and 5V environment. The 74LVC14A provides six inverting buffers with Schmitt-trigger action. It is capable of transforming slowly changing input signals into sharply defined, jitter-free output signals.

### 12.4.2. Features

- Wide supply voltage range from 1.2 to 3.6 V
- CMOS low power consumption
- Direct interface with TTL levels
- Inputs accept voltages up to 5.5 V
- Complies with JEDEC standard no.8-1A
- ESD protection:
  - HBM EIA/JESD22-A114-A exceeds 2000V
  - MM EIA/JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200V.
- Specified from -40 to +85C and -40 to +125C.

### 12.4.3. Pinning



PIN	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	1A	data input
2	1Y	data output
3	2A	data input
4	2Y	data output
5	3A	data input
6	3Y	data output
7	GND	ground (0 V)
8	4Y	data output
9	4A	data input
10	5Y	data output
11	5A	data input
12	6Y	data output
13	6A	data input
14	V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage

## 12.5. TEA6420

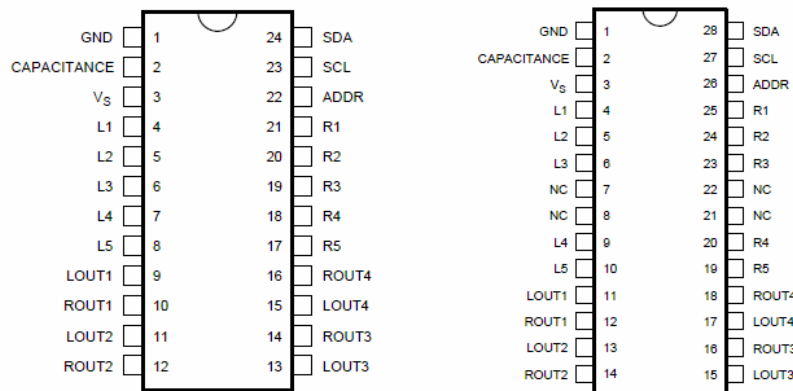
### 12.5.1. Features

- 5 Stereo Inputs
- 4 Stereo Outputs
- Gain Control 0/2/4/6dB/Mute for each Output
- Cascadable (2 different addresses)
- Serial Bus Controlled
- Very low Noise
- Very low Distortion

### 12.5.2. Description

The TEA6420 switches 5 stereo audio inputs on 4 stereo outputs. All the switching possibilities are changed through the I<sup>2</sup>C bus.

### 12.5.3. Pin Connections



## 12.6. CS4334

### 12.6.1. Features

- Complete Stereo DAC System: Interpolation, D/A, Output Analog Filtering
- 24-Bit Conversion
- 96 dB Dynamic Range
- -88 dB THD+N
- Low Clock Jitter Sensitivity
- Single +5V Power Supply
- Filtered Line Level Outputs
- On-Chip Digital De-emphasis
- Popgaud® Technology
- Functionally Compatible with CS4330/31/33

### 12.6.2. General Description

The CS4334 family members are complete, stereo digital-to-analog output systems including interpolation, 1-bit D/A conversion and output analog filtering in an 8-pin package. The CS4334/5/6/7/8/9 support all major audio data interface formats, and the individual devices differ only in the supported interface format. The CS4334 family is based on delta-sigma modulation, where the modulator output controls the reference voltage input to an ultra-linear analog low-pass filter. This architecture allows for infinite adjustment of sample rate between 2 kHz and 100 kHz simply by changing the master clock frequency. The CS4334 family contains on-chip digital de-emphasis, operates from a single +5V power supply, and requires minimal support circuitry. These features are ideal for set-top boxes, DVD players, SVCD players, and A/V receivers.



### 12.6.3. Pin Descriptions

SERIAL DATA INPUT	SDATA	1	8	AOUTL	ANALOG LEFT CHANNEL OUTPUT
DE-EMPHASIS / SCLK	DEM/SCLK	2	7	VA	ANALOG POWER
LEFT / RIGHT CLOCK	LRCK	3	6	AGND	ANALOG GROUND
MASTER CLOCK	MCLK	4	5	AOUTR	ANALOG RIGHT CHANNEL OUTPUT

No.	Pin Name	I/O	Pin Function and Description
1	SDATA	I	<b>Serial Audio Data Input</b> - two's complement MSB-first serial data is input on this pin. The data is clocked into the CS4334/5/6/7/8/9 via internal or external SCLK, and the channel is determined by LRCK.
2	DEM/SCLK	I	<b>De-Emphasis/External Serial Clock Input</b> - used for de-emphasis filter control or external serial clock input.
3	LRCK	I	<b>Left/Right Clock</b> - determines which channel is currently being input on the Audio Serial Data Input pin, SDATA.
4	MCLK	I	<b>Master Clock</b> - frequency must be 256x, 384x, or 512x the input sample rate in BRM and either 128x or 192x the input sample rate in HRM.
5	AOUTR	O	<b>Analog Right Channel Output</b> - typically 3.5 Vp-p for a full-scale input signal.
6	AGND	I	<b>Analog Ground</b> - analog ground reference is 0V.
7	VA	I	<b>Analog Power</b> - analog power supply is nominally +5V.
8	AOUTL	O	<b>Analog Left Channel Output</b> - typically 3.5 Vp-p for a full-scale input signal.

## 12.7. DS90C385

### 12.7.1. General Description

The DS90C385 transmitter converts 28 bits of LVCMOS/LVTTL data into four LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) data streams. A phase-locked transmit clock is transmitted in parallel with the data streams over a fifth LVDS link.

Every cycle of the transmit clock 28 bits of input data are sampled and transmitted. At a transmit clock frequency of 85MHz, 24 bits of RGB data and 3 bits of LCD timing and control data (FPLINE, FPFRAME, DRDY) are transmitted at a rate of 595 Mbps per LVDS data channel. Using an 85MHz clock, the data throughput is 297.5Mbytes/sec. Also available is the DS90C365 that converts 21 bits of LVCMOS/LVTTL data into three LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) data streams. Both transmitters can be programmed for Rising edge strobe or falling edge strobe through a dedicated pin. A Rising edge or Falling edge strobe transmitter will interoperate with a Falling edge strobe Receiver (DS90CF386/DS90CF366) without any translation logic.

The DS90C385 is also offered in a 64 ball, 0.8mm fine pitch ball grid array (FBGA) package which provides a 44 % reduction in PCB footprint compared to the TSSOP package. This chipset is an ideal means to solve EMI and cable size problems associated with wide, high-speed TTL interfaces.

### 12.7.2. Features

- 20 to 85MHz shift clock support
- Best-in-Class Set & Hold Times on TxINPUTs
- Tx power consumption <130mW (typ) @ 85MHz Grayscale
- Tx Power-down mode <200μW (max)
- Supports VGA, SVGA, XGA and Dual Pixel SXGA.
- Narrow bus reduces cable size and cost
- Up to 2.38Gbps throughput
- Up to 297.5Megabytes/sec bandwidth
- 345mV (typ) swing LVDS devices for low EMI
- PLL requires no external components
- Compatible with TIA/EIA-644 LVDS standard
- Low profile 56-lead or 48-lead TSSOP package
- DS90C385 also available in a 64 ball, 0.8mm fine pitch ball grid array (FBGA) package

### 12.7.3. Pin Description

#### DS90C385 MTD56 (TSSOP) Package Pin Description-FPD Link Transmitter

Pin Name	I/O	No.	Description
TxIN	I	28	TTL level input. This includes: 8 Red, 8 Green, 8 Blue, and 4 control lines —FPLINE, FPFRAME and DRDY (also referred to as HSYNC, VSYNC, Data Enable).
TxOUT+	O	4	Positive LVDS differential data output.
TxOUT-	O	4	Negative LVDS differential data output.
TxCLKIN	I	1	TTL level clock input. Pin name TxCLK IN.
R_FB	I	1	Programmable strobe select
TxCLK OUT+	O	1	Positive LVDS differential clock output.
TxCLK OUT-	O	1	Negative LVDS differential clock output.
PWR DOWN	I	1	TTL level input. Assertion (low input) TRI-STATES the outputs, ensuring low current at power down.
Vcc	I	3	Power supply pins for TTL inputs.
GND	I	4	Ground pins for TTL inputs.
PLL Vcc	I	1	Power supply pin for PLL.
PLL GND	I	2	Ground pins for PLL.
LVDS Vcc	I	1	Power supply pin for LVDS outputs.
LVDS GND	I	3	Ground pins for LVDS outputs.

#### DS90C385SLC SLC64A Package Pin Description-FPD Link Transmitter

Pin Name	I/O	No.	Description
TxIN	I	28	TTL level input.
TxOUT+	O	4	Positive LVDS differential data output.
TxOUT-	O	4	Negative LVDS differential data output.
TxCLKIN	I	1	TTL level clock input. The rising edge acts as data strobe. Pin name TxCLK IN.
R_FB	I	1	Programmable strobe select. HIGH = rising edge, LOW = falling edge.
TxCLK OUT+	O	1	Positive LVDS differential clock output.
TxCLK OUT-	O	1	Negative LVDS differential clock output.
PWR DOWN	I	1	TTL level input. Assertion (low input) TRI-STATES the outputs, ensuring low current at power down.
Vcc	I	3	Power supply pins for TTL inputs.
GND	I	5	Ground pins for TTL inputs.
PLL Vcc	I	1	Power supply pin for PLL.
PLL GND	I	2	Ground pins for PLL.
LVDS Vcc	I	2	Power supply pin for LVDS outputs.
LVDS GND	I	4	Ground pins for LVDS outputs.
NC		6	Pins not connected.

## 12.8. GAL16LV8

### 12.8.1. Description

The GAL16LV8D, at 3.5ns maximum propagation delay time, provides the highest speed performance available in the PLD market. The GAL16LV8C can interface with both 3.3V and 5V signal levels. The GAL16LV8 is manufactured using Lattice Semiconductor's advanced 3.3V E<sup>2</sup>CMOS process, which combines CMOS with Electrically Erasable (E<sup>2</sup>) floating gate technology. High speed erase times (<100ms) allow the devices to be reprogrammed quickly and efficiently.

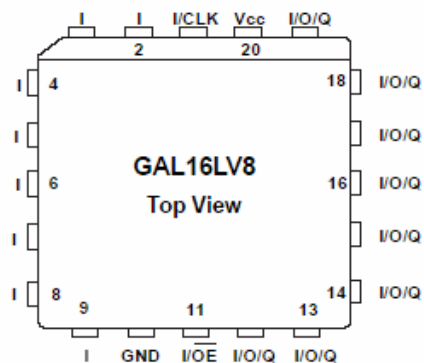
The 3.3V GAL16LV8 uses the same industry standard 16V8 architecture as its 5V counterpart and supports all architectural features such as combinatorial or registered macrocell operations.

Unique test circuitry and reprogrammable cells allow complete AC, DC, and functional testing during manufacture. As a result, Lattice Semiconductor delivers 100% field programmability and functionality of all GAL products. In addition, 100 erase/write cycles and data retention in excess of 20 years are specified.

### 12.8.2. Features

- HIGH PERFORMANCE E2CMOS® TECHNOLOGY
  - 3.5ns Maximum Propagation Delay
  - $F_{max} = 250\text{MHz}$
  - 2.5 ns Maximum from Clock Input to Data Output
  - UltraMOS® Advanced CMOS Technology
- 3.3V LOW VOLTAGE 16V8 ARCHITECTURE
  - JEDEC-Compatible 3.3V Interface Standard
  - 5V Compatible Inputs
  - I/O Interfaces with Standard 5V TTL Devices (GAL16LV8C)
- ACTIVE PULL-UPS ON ALL PINS (GAL16LV8D Only)
- E2 CELL TECHNOLOGY
  - Reconfigurable Logic
  - Reprogrammable Cells
  - 100% Tested/100% Yields
  - High Speed Electrical Erasure (<100ms)
  - 20 Year Data Retention
- EIGHT OUTPUT LOGIC MACROCELLS
  - Maximum Flexibility for Complex Logic Designs
  - Programmable Output Polarity
- PRELOAD AND POWER-ON RESET OF ALL REGISTERS
  - 100% Functional Testability
- APPLICATIONS INCLUDE:
  - Glue Logic for 3.3V Systems
  - DMA Control
  - State Machine Control
  - High Speed Graphics Processing
  - Standard Logic Speed Upgrade
- ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE FOR IDENTIFICATION
- LEAD-FREE PACKAGE OPTIONS

### 12.8.3. Pin connections



## 12.9. K6R4008V1D

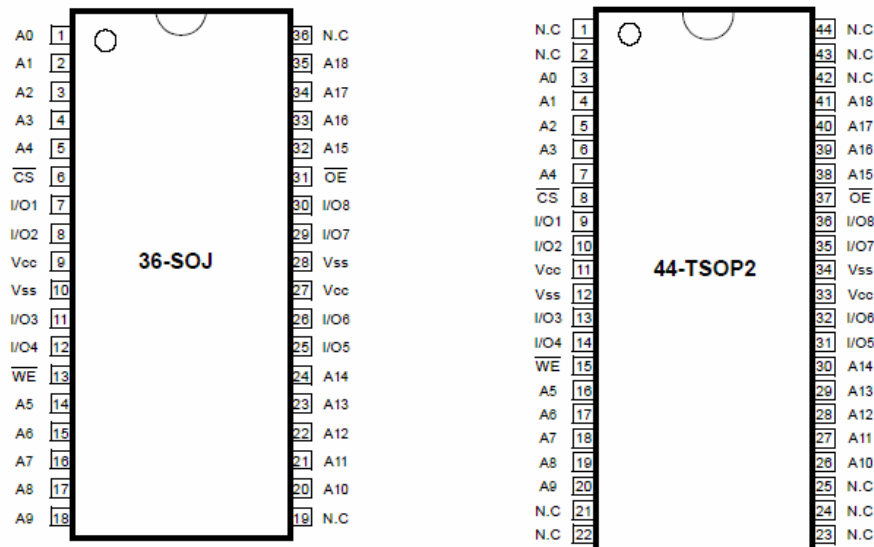
### 12.9.1. Description

The K6R4008V1D is a 4,194,304-bit high-speed Static Random Access Memory organized as 524,288 words by 8 bits. The K6R4008V1D uses 8 common input and output lines and has an output enable pin which operates faster than address access time at read cycle. The device is fabricated using SAMSUNG's advanced CMOS process and designed for high-speed circuit technology. It is particularly well suited for use in high-density high-speed system applications. The K6R4008V1D is packaged in a 400 mil 36-pin plastic SOJ and 44-pin plastic TSOP type II.

### 12.9.2. Features

- Fast Access Time 8, 10ns(Max.)
- Low Power Dissipation
  - Standby (TTL) : 20mA(Max.)  
(CMOS) : 5mA(Max.)
  - Operating K6R4008V1D-08 : 80mA(Max.)  
K6R4008V1D-10 : 65mA(Max.)
- Single 3.3 ±0.3V Power Supply
- TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs
- Fully Static Operation
  - No Clock or Refresh required
- Three State Outputs
- Center Power/Ground Pin Configuration
- Standard Pin Configuration
  - K6R4008V1D-J : 36-SOJ-400
  - K6R4008V1D-K : 36-SOJ-400(Lead-Free)
  - K6R4008V1D-T : 44-TSOP2-400BF
  - K6R4008V1D-U : 44-TSOP2-400BF(Lead-Free)
- Operating in Commercial and Industrial Temperature range.

### 12.9.3. Pin Description



Pin Name	Pin Function
A0 - A18	Address Inputs
$\overline{WE}$	Write Enable
$\overline{CS}$	Chip Select
$\overline{OE}$	Output Enable
I/O1 ~ I/O8	Data Inputs/Outputs
Vcc	Power(+3.3V)
Vss	Ground
N.C	No Connection

## 12.10. KA278R33

### 12.10.1. Features

- 2A / 3.3V Output low dropout voltage regulator
- TO220 Full-Mold package (4PIN)
- Overcurrent protection, Thermal shutdown
- Overvoltage protection, Short-Circuit protection
- With output disable function

### 12.10.2. Description

The KA278R33 is a low-dropout voltage regulator suitable for various electronic equipments. It provides constant voltage power source with TO-220 4 lead full mold package. Dropout voltage of KA278R33 is below 0.5V in full rated current (2A). This regulator has various function such as peak current protection, thermal shut down, overvoltage protection and output disable function.

## 12.11. LM1086

### 12.11.1. Description

The LM1086 is a series of low dropout positive voltage regulators with a maximum dropout of 1.5V at 1.5A of load current. It has the same pin-out as National Semiconductor's industry standard LM317. The LM1086 is available in an adjustable version, which can set the output voltage with only two external resistors. It is also available in five fixed voltages: 2.5V, 2.85V, 3.3V, 3.45V and 5.0V. The fixed versions integrate the adjust resistors. The LM1086 circuit includes a zener trimmed band-gap reference, current limiting and thermal shutdown.

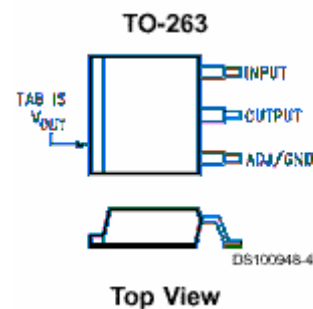
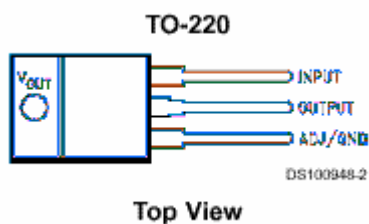
### 12.11.2. Features

- Available in 2.5V, 2.85V, 3.3V, 3.45V, 5V and Adjustable Versions
- Current Limiting and Thermal Protection
- Output Current 1.5A
- Line Regulation 0.015% (typical)
- Load Regulation 0.1% (typical)

### 12.11.3. Applications

- SCSI-2 Active Terminator
- High Efficiency Linear Regulators
- Battery Charger
- Post Regulation for Switching Supplies
- Constant Current Regulator
- Microprocessor Supply

### 12.11.4. Connection Diagrams



## 12.12. LM1117

### 12.12.1. General Description

The LM1117 is a series of low dropout voltage regulators with a dropout of 1.2V at 800mA of load current. It has the same pin-out as National Semiconductor's industry standard LM317. The LM1117 is available in an adjustable version, which can set the output voltage from 1.25V to 13.8V with only two external resistors. In addition, it is also available in five fixed voltages, 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.85V, 3.3V and 5V. The LM1117 offers current limiting and thermal shutdown. Its circuit includes a zener trimmed bandgap reference to assure output voltage accuracy to within  $\pm 1\%$ . The LM1117 series is available in SOT-223, TO-220, and TO-252 D-PAK packages. A minimum of 10 $\mu$ F tantalum capacitor is required at the output to improve the transient response and stability.

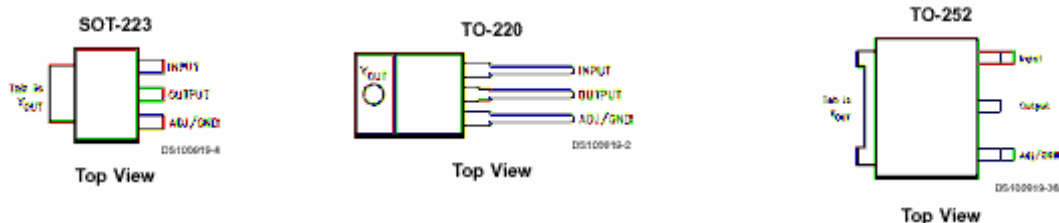
### 12.12.2. Features

- Available in 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.85V, 3.3V, 5V, and Adjustable Versions
- Space Saving SOT-223 Package
- Current Limiting and Thermal Protection
- Output Current 800mA
- Line Regulation 0.2% (Max)
- Load Regulation 0.4% (Max)
- Temperature Range
  - LM1117 0°C to 125°C
  - LM1117I -40°C to 125°C

### 12.12.3. Applications

- 2.85V Model for SCSI-2 Active Termination
- Post Regulator for Switching DC/DC Converter
- High Efficiency Linear Regulators
- Battery Charger
- Battery Powered Instrumentation

### 12.12.4. Connection Diagrams



## 12.13. LM317

### 12.13.1. General Description

This monolithic integrated circuit is an adjustable 3-terminal positive voltage regulator designed to supply more than 1.5A of load current with an output voltage adjustable over a 1.2 to 37V. It employs internal current limiting, thermal shut-down and safe area compensation.

### 12.13.2. Features

- Output Current In Excess of 1.5A
- Output Adjustable Between 1.2V and 37V
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limiting
- Output Transistor Safe Operating Area Compensation
- TO-220 Package

### 12.13.3. Pin Description

TO-220



1. Adj 2. Output 3. Input

### 12.14. LM809

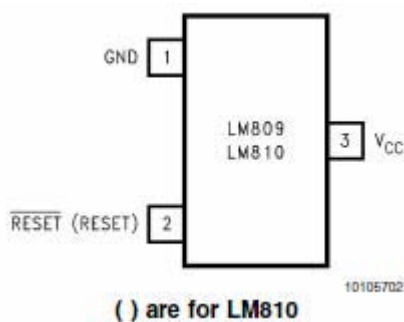
#### 12.14.1. General Description

The LM809/810 microprocessor supervisory circuits can be used to monitor the power supplies in microprocessor and digital systems. They provide a reset to the microprocessor during power-up, power-down and brown-out conditions. The function of the LM809/810 is to monitor the VCC supply voltage and assert a reset signal whenever this voltage declines below the factory-programmed reset threshold. The reset signal remains asserted for 240ms after VCC rises above the threshold. The LM809 has an active-low RESET output, while the LM810 has an active-high RESET output. Seven standard reset voltage options are available, suitable for monitoring 5V, 3.3V, and 3V supply voltages. With a low supply current of only 15μA, the LM809/810 are ideal for use in portable equipment.

#### 12.14.2. Features

- Precise monitoring of 3V, 3.3V, and 5V supply voltages
- Superior upgrade to MAX809/810
- Fully specified overtemperature
- 140ms min. Power-On Reset pulse width, 240ms typical  
Active-low RESET Output(LM809)  
Active-high RESET Output(LM810)
- Guaranteed RESET Output valid for VCC≥1V
- Low Supply Current, 15μA typ
- Power supply transient immunity

#### 12.14.3. Pinning



PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
(LLP)	SOT-23		
1	1	GND	Ground reference
3	2	RESET (LM809)	Active-low output. RESET remains low while VCC is below the reset threshold, and for 240ms after VCC rises above the reset threshold.
		RESET (LM810)	Active-high output. RESET remains high while VCC is below the reset threshold, and for 240ms after VCC rises above the reset threshold.
5	3	VCC	Supply Voltage (+5V, +3.3V, or +3.0V)



## 12.15. MSP34X0G (MSP3410G)

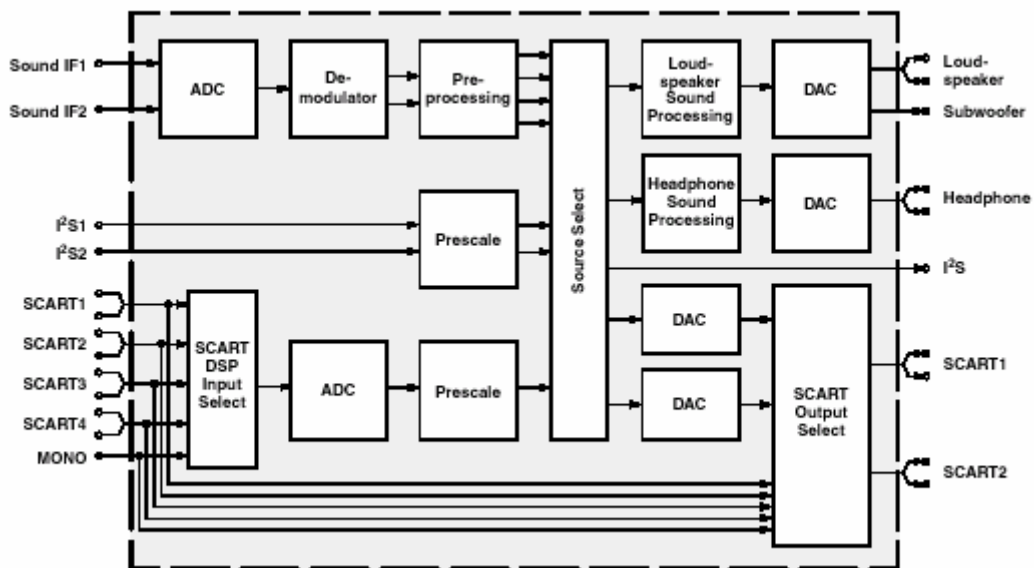
### Multistandard Sound Processor Family

#### 12.15.1. Introduction

The MSP 34x0G family of single-chip Multistandard Sound Processors covers the sound processing of all analog TV-Standards worldwide, as well as the NICAM digital sound standards. The full TV sound processing, starting with analog sound IF signal-in, down to processed analog AF-out, is performed on a single chip. Figure shows a simplified functional block diagram of the MSP 34x0G.

This new generation of TV sound processing ICs now includes versions for processing the multichannel television sound (MTS) signal conforming to the standard recommended by the Broadcast Television Systems Committee (BTSC). The DBX noise reduction, or alternatively, MICRONAS Noise Reduction (MNR) is performed alignment free. Other processed standards are the Japanese FM-FM multiplex standard (EIA-J) and the FM Stereo Radio standard. Current ICs have to perform adjustment procedures in order to achieve good stereo separation for BTSC and EIA-J. The MSP 34x0G has optimum stereo performance without any adjustments.

All MSP 34x0G versions are pin and software downward compatible to the MSP 34x0D. The MSP 34x0G further simplifies controlling software. Standard selection requires a single I<sup>2</sup>C transmission only. The MSP 34x0G has built-in automatic functions: The IC is able to detect the actual sound standard automatically (Automatic Standard Detection). Furthermore, pilot levels and identification signals can be evaluated internally with subsequent switching between mono/stereo/bilingual; no I<sup>2</sup>C interaction is necessary (Automatic Sound Selection).



#### Source Select

I<sup>2</sup>S bus interface consists of five pins:

1. I2S\_DA\_IN1, I2S\_DA\_IN2: For input, four channels (two channels per line, 2\*16 bits) per sampling cycle (32kHz) are transmitted.
2. I2S\_DA\_OUT: For output, two channels (2\*16 bits) per sampling cycle (32kHz) are transmitted.
3. I2S\_CL: Gives the timing for the transmission of I<sup>2</sup>S serial data (1.024MHz).
4. I2S\_WS: The I2S\_WS word strobe line defines the left and right sample.

#### 12.15.2. Features

- Standard Selection with single I<sup>2</sup>C transmission
- Automatic Standard Detection of terrestrial TV standards
- Automatic Sound Selection (mono/stereo/bilingual), new registers MODUS, STATUS
- Two selectable sound IF (SIF) inputs
- Automatic Carrier Mute function
- Interrupt output programmable (indicating status change)
- Loudspeaker / Headphone channel with volume, balance, bass, treble, loudness



- AVC: Automatic Volume Correction
- Subwoofer output with programmable low-pass and complementary high-pass filter
- 5-band graphic equalizer for loudspeaker channel
- Spatial effect for loudspeaker channel
- Four Stereo SCART (line) inputs, one Mono input; two Stereo SCART outputs
- Complete SCART in/out switching matrix
- Two I<sup>2</sup>S inputs; one I<sup>2</sup>S output
- Dolby Pro Logic with DPL 351xA coprocessor
- All analog FM-Stereo A2 and satellite standards; AM-SECAM L standard
- Simultaneous demodulation of (very) high-deviation FM-Mono and NICAM
- Adaptive deemphasis for satellite (Wegener-Panda, acc. to ASTRA specification)
- ASTRA Digital Radio (ADR) together with DRP 3510A
- All NICAM standards
- Korean FM-Stereo A2 standard

### 12.15.3. Pin connections

NC = not connected; leave vacant

LV = if not used, leave vacant

OBL = obligatory; connect as described in circuit diagram

DVSS: if not used, connect to DVSS

AHVSS: connect to AHVSS

Pin No.					Pin Name	Type	Connection (if not used)	Short Description
PLCC 68-pin	PSDIP 64-pin	PSDIP 52-pin	PQFP 80-pin	PLQFP 64-pin				
1	16	14	9	8	ADR_WS	OUT	LV	ADR word strobe
2	-	-	-	-	NC		LV	Not connected
3	15	13	8	7	ADR_DA	OUT	LV	ADR Data Output
4	14	12	7	6	I2S_DA_IN1	IN	LV	I <sup>2</sup> S1 data input
5	13	11	6	5	I2S_DA_OUT	OUT	LV	I <sup>2</sup> S data output
6	12	10	5	4	I2S_WS	IN/OUT	LV	I <sup>2</sup> S word strobe
7	11	9	4	3	I2S_CL	IN/OUT	LV	I <sup>2</sup> S clock
8	10	8	3	2	I2C_DA	IN/OUT	OBL	I <sup>2</sup> C data
9	9	7	2	1	I2C_CL	IN/OUT	OBL	I <sup>2</sup> C clock
10	8	-	1	64	NC		LV	Not connected
11	7	6	80	63	STANDBYQ	IN	OBL	Stand-by (low-active)
12	6	5	79	62	ADR_SEL	IN	OBL	I <sup>2</sup> C bus address select
13	5	4	78	61	D_CTR_I/O_0	IN/OUT	LV	D_CTR_I/O_0
14	4	3	77	60	D_CTR_I/O_1	IN/OUT	LV	D_CTR_I/O_1
15	3	-	76	59	NC		LV	Not connected
16	2	-	75	58	NC		LV	Not connected
17	-	-	-	-	NC		LV	Not connected
18	1	2	74	57	AUD_CL_OUT	OUT	LV	Audio clock output (18.432 MHz)
19	64	1	73	56	TP		LV	Test pin
20	63	52	72	55	XTAL_OUT	OUT	OBL	Crystal oscillator
21	62	51	71	54	XTAL_IN	IN	OBL	Crystal oscillator
22	61	50	70	53	TESTEN	IN	OBL	Test pin
23	60	49	69	52	ANA_IN2+	IN	AVSS via 56 pF/LV	IF Input 2 (can be left vacant, only if IF input 1 is also not in use)
24	59	48	68	51	ANA_IN-	IN	AVSS via 56 pF/LV	IF common (can be left vacant, only if IF input 1 is also not in use)
25	58	47	67	50	ANA_IN1+	IN	LV	IF input 1
26	57	46	66	49	AVSUP		OBL	Analog power supply 5V
-	-	-	65	-	AVSUP		OBL	Analog power supply 5V
-	-	-	64	-	NC		LV	Not connected
-	-	-	63	-	NC		LV	Not connected
27	56	45	62	48	AVSS		OBL	Analog ground
-	-	-	61	-	AVSS		OBL	Analog ground
28	55	44	60	47	MONO_IN	IN	LV	Mono input
-	-	-	59	-	NC		LV	Not connected
29	54	43	58	46	VREFTOP		OBL	Reference voltage IF A/D converter
30	53	42	57	45	SC1_IN_R	IN	LV	SCART 1 input, right

31	52	41	56	44	SC1_IN_L	IN	LV	SCART 1 input, left
32	51	-	55	43	ASG1		AHVSS	Analog Shield Ground 1
33	50	40	54	42	SC2_IN_R	IN	LV	SCART 2 input, right
34	49	39	53	41	SC2_IN_L	IN	LV	SCART 2 input, left
35	48	-	52	40	ASG2		AHVSS	Analog Shield Ground 2
36	47	38	51	39	SC3_IN_R	IN	LV	SCART 3 input, right
37	46	37	50	38	SC3_IN_L	IN	LV	SCART 3 input, left
38	45	-	49	37	ASG4		AHVSS	Analog Shield Ground 4
39	44	-	48	36	SC4_IN_R	IN	LV	SCART 4 input, right
40	43	-	47	35	SC4_IN_L	IN	LV	SCART 4 input, left
41	-	-	46	-	NC		LV or AHVSS	Not connected
42	42	36	45	34	AGNDC		OBL	Analog reference voltage
43	41	35	44	33	AHVSS		OBL	Analog ground
-	-	-	43	-	AHVSS		OBL	Analog ground
-	-	-	42	-	NC		LV	Not connected
-	-	-	41	-	NC		LV	Not connected
44	40	34	40	32	CAPL_M		OBL	Volume capacitor MAIN
45	39	33	39	31	AHVSUP		OBL	Analog power supply 8V
46	38	32	38	30	CAPL_A		OBL	Volume capacitor AUX
47	37	31	37	29	SC1_OUT_L	OUT	LV	SCART output 1, left
48	36	30	36	28	SC1_OUT_R	OUT	LV	SCART output 1, right
49	35	29	35	27	VREF1		OBL	Reference ground 1
50	34	28	34	26	SC2_OUT_L	OUT	LV	SCART output 2, left
51	33	27	33	25	SC2_OUT_R	OUT	LV	SCART output 2, right
52	-	-	32	-	NC		LV	Not connected
53	32	-	31	24	NC		LV	Not connected
54	31	26	30	23	DACM_SUB	OUT	LV	Subwoofer output
55	30	-	29	22	NC		LV	Not connected
56	29	25	28	21	DACM_L	OUT	LV	Loudspeaker out, left
57	28	24	27	20	DACM_R	OUT	LV	Loudspeaker out, right
58	27	23	26	19	VREF2		OBL	Reference ground 2
59	26	22	25	18	DACA_L	OUT	LV	Headphone out, left
60	25	21	24	17	DACA_R	OUT	LV	Headphone out, right
-	-	-	23	-	NC		LV	Not connected
-	-	-	22	-	NC		LV	Not connected
61	24	20	21	16	RESETQ	IN	OBL	Power-on-reset
62	23	-	20	15	NC		LV	Not connected
63	22	-	19	14	NC		LV	Not connected
64	21	19	18	13	NC		LV	Not connected
65	20	18	17	12	I2S_DA_IN2	IN	LV	I <sup>2</sup> S2-data input
66	19	17	16	11	DVSS		OBL	Digital ground
-	-	-	15	-	DVSS		OBL	Digital ground
-	-	-	14	-	DVSS		OBL	Digital ground
67	18	16	13	10	DVSUP		OBL	Digital power supply 5V
-	-	-	12	-	DVSUP		OBL	Digital power supply 5V
-	-	-	11	-	DVSUP		OBL	Digital power supply 5V
68	17	15	10	9	ADR_CL	OUT	LV	ADR clock

## 12.16. M29W040B

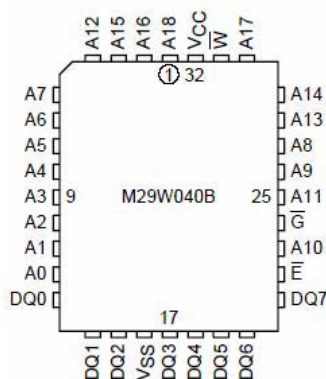
### 12.16.1. Description

The M29W040B is a 4Mbit (512Kb x8) non-volatile memory that can be read, erased and reprogrammed. These operations can be performed using a single low voltage (2.7 to 3.6V) supply. On power-up the memory defaults to its Read mode where it can be read in the same way as a ROM or EPROM. The M29W040B is fully backward compatible with the M29W040. The memory is divided into blocks that can be erased independently so it is possible to preserve valid data while old data is erased. Each block can be protected independently to prevent accidental Program or Erase commands from modifying the memory. Program and Erase commands are written to the Command Interface of the memory. An on-chip Program/Erase Controller simplifies the process of programming or erasing the memory by taking care of all of the special operations that are required to update the memory contents. The end of a program or erase operation can be detected and any error conditions identified. The command set required to control the memory is consistent with JEDEC standards. Chip Enable, Output Enable and Write Enable signals control the bus operation of the memory. They allow simple connection to most microprocessors, often without additional logic.

### 12.16.2. Features

- SINGLE 2.7 to 3.6V SUPPLY VOLTAGE for PROGRAM, ERASE and READ OPERATIONS
- ACCESS TIME: 55ns
- PROGRAMMING TIME
  - 10µs per Byte typical
- UNIFORM 64Kbytes MEMORY BLOCKS
- PROGRAM/ERASE CONTROLLER
  - Embedded Byte Program algorithm
  - Embedded Multi-Block/Chip Erase algorithm
  - Status Register Polling and Toggle Bits
- ERASE SUSPEND and RESUME MODES
  - Read and Program another Block during Erase Suspend
- UNLOCK BYPASS PROGRAM COMMAND
  - Faster Production/Batch Programming
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
  - Standby and Automatic Standby
- 100,000 PROGRAM/ERASE CYCLES per BLOCK
- 20 YEARS DATA RETENTION
  - Defectivity below 1 ppm/year
- ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE
  - Manufacturer Code: 20h
  - Device Code: E3h

### 12.16.3. Pin Descriptions



A0-A18	Address Inputs
DQ0-DQ7	Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{E}$	Chip Enable
$\overline{G}$	Output Enable
$\overline{W}$	Write Enable
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground

## 12.17. MC33202

### 12.17.1. General Description

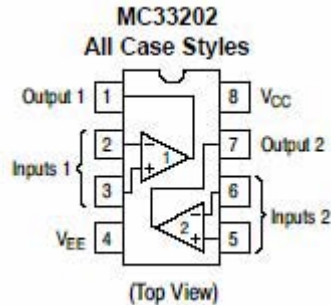
The MC33201/2/4 family of operational amplifiers provide rail-to-rail operation on both the input and output. The inputs can be driven as high as 200mV beyond the supply rails without phase reversal on the outputs, and the output can swing within 50mV of each rail. This rail-to-rail operation enables the user to make full use of the supply voltage range available. It is designed to work at very low supply voltages ( $\pm 0.9V$ ) yet can operate with a supply of up to +12V and ground. Output current boosting techniques provide a high output current capability while keeping the drain current of the amplifier to a minimum. Also, the combination of low noise and distortion with a high slew rate and drive capability make this an ideal amplifier for audio applications.

### 12.17.2. Features

- Low Voltage, Single Supply Operation (+1.8V and Ground to +12 V and Ground)
- Input Voltage Range Includes both Supply Rails
- Output Voltage Swings within 50mV of both Rails
- No Phase Reversal on the Output for Over-driven Input Signals
- High Output Current (ISC = 80mA, Typ)
- Low Supply Current (ID = 0.9mA, Typ)

- 600  $\Omega$  Output Drive Capability
- Extended Operating Temperature Ranges ( $-40^{\circ}$  to  $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $-55^{\circ}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
- Typical Gain Bandwidth Product = 2.2 MHz
- Pb-Free Packages are Available

### 12.17.3. Pin Connections



## 12.18. PCF8574

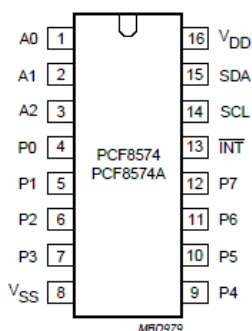
### 12.18.1. General Description

The PCF8574 is a silicon CMOS circuit. It provides general purpose remote I/O expansion for most microcontroller families via the two-line bidirectional bus ( $I^2C$ ). The device consists of an 8-bit quasi-bidirectional port and an  $I^2C$ -bus interface. The PCF8574 has a low current consumption and includes latched outputs with high current drive capability for directly driving LEDs. It also possesses an interrupt line (INT) which can be connected to the interrupt logic of the microcontroller. By sending an interrupt signal on this line, the remote I/O can inform the microcontroller if there is incoming data on its ports without having to communicate via the  $I^2C$ -bus. This means that the PCF8574 can remain a simple slave device.

### 12.18.2. Features

- Operating supply voltage 2.5 to 6V
- Low standby current consumption of 10  $\mu\text{A}$  maximum
- $I^2C$  to parallel port expander
- Open-drain interrupt output
- 8-bit remote I/O port for the  $I^2C$ -bus
- Compatible with most microcontrollers
- Latched outputs with high current drive capability for directly driving LEDs
- Address by 3 hardware address pins for use of up to 8 devices (up to 16 with PCF8574A)
- DIP16, or space-saving SO16 or SSOP20 packages.

### 12.18.3. Pinning



SYMBOL	PIN		DESCRIPTION
	DIP16; SO16	SSOP20	
A0	1	6	address input 0
A1	2	7	address input 1
A2	3	9	address input 2
P0	4	10	quasi-bidirectional I/O 0
P1	5	11	quasi-bidirectional I/O 1
P2	6	12	quasi-bidirectional I/O 2
P3	7	14	quasi-bidirectional I/O 3
V <sub>SS</sub>	8	15	supply ground
P4	9	16	quasi-bidirectional I/O 4
P5	10	17	quasi-bidirectional I/O 5
P6	11	19	quasi-bidirectional I/O 6
P7	12	20	quasi-bidirectional I/O 7
$\overline{\text{INT}}$	13	1	interrupt output (active LOW)
SCL	14	2	serial clock line
SDA	15	4	serial data line
V <sub>DD</sub>	16	5	supply voltage
n.c.	–	3	not connected
n.c.	–	8	not connected
n.c.	–	13	not connected
n.c.	–	18	not connected

## 12.19. TSOP1836

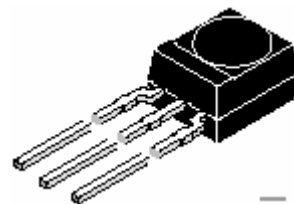
### 12.19.1. Description

The TSOP18.. – series are miniaturized receivers for infrared remote control systems. PIN diode and preamplifier are assembled on lead frame, the epoxy package is designed as IR filter. Carrier frequency for TSOP1836 is 36KHz.

The demodulated output signal can directly be decoded by a microprocessor. The main benefit is the reliable function even in disturbed ambient and the protection against uncontrolled output pulses.

### 12.19.2. Features

- Photo detector and preamplifier in one package
- Internal filter for PCM frequency
- TTL and CMOS compatibility
- Output active low
- Improved shielding against electrical field disturbance
- Suitable burst length >6 cycles/burst



### Special Features

- Small size package
- Enhanced immunity against all kinds of disturbance light
- No occurrence of disturbance pulses at the output
- Short settling time after power on (<200μS)

## 12.20. PI5V330

### 12.20.1. General Description

The PI5V330 is well suited for video applications when switching composite or RGB analogue. A picture-in-picture application will be described in this brief. The pixel-rate creates video overlays so two or more pictures can be viewed at the same time. An inexpensive NTSC titler can be implemented by superimposing the output of a character generator on a standard composite video background.

## **12.21. SDA55XX (SDA5550)**

### **12.21.1. General description**

The SDA55XX is a single chip teletext decoder for decoding World System Teletext data as well as Video Programming System (VPS), Program Delivery Control (PDC), and Wide Screen Signalling (WSS) data used for PAL plus transmissions (Line 23). The device also supports Closed caption acquisition and decoding. The device provides an integrated general-purpose, fully 8051-compatible Microcontroller with television specific hardware features. Microcontroller has been enhanced to provide powerful features such as memory banking, data pointers, and additional interrupts etc. The on-chip display unit for displaying Level 1.5 teletext data can also be used for customer defined on screen displays. Internal XRAM consists of up to 16 Kbytes. Device has an internal ROM of up to 128 Kbytes. ROMless versions can access up to 1 MByte of external RAM and ROM. The SDA 55XX supports a wide range of standards including PAL, NTSC and contains a digital slicer for VPS, WSS, PDC, TTX and Closed Caption, an accelerating acquisition hardware module, a display generator for Level 1.5 TTX data and powerful On screen Display capabilities based on parallel attributes, and Pixel oriented characters (DRCS).

The 8-bit Microcontroller runs at 360 ns. cycle time (min.). Controller with dedicated hardware does most of the internal TTX acquisition processing, transfers data to/from external memory interface and receives/ transmits data via I<sup>2</sup>C-firmware user-interface. The slicer combined with dedicated hardware stores TTX data in a VBI buffer of 1 Kilobyte. The Microcontroller firmware performs all the acquisition tasks (hamming and parity-checks, page search and evaluation of header control bits) once per field. Additionally, the firmware can provide high-end Teletext features like Packet-26-handling, FLOF, TOP and list-pages. The interface to user software is optimized for minimal overhead. SDA 55XX is realized in 0.25 micron technology with 2.5 V supply voltage and 3.3 V I/O (TTL compatible). The software and hardware development environment (TEAM) is available to simplify and speed up the development of the software and On Screen Display. TEAM stands for TVT Expert Application Maker. It improves the TV controller software quality in following aspects:

- Shorter time to market
- Re-usability
- Target independent development
- Verification and validation before targeting
- General test concept
- Graphical interface design requiring minimum programming and controller know how.
- Modular and open tool chain, configurable by customer.

## **12.22. Sil 9993**

### **12.22.1. General Description**

The Sil 9993 is the first generation of PanelLink receivers that are designed for the HDMI 1.0 (High Definition Multimedia Interface) specification. DTVs, plasma displays, LCD TVs and projectors can now provide the purest level of protected digital audio/video over a simple, low cost cable. Backwards compatibility with DVI 1.0 allows HDMI systems to connect to any DVI 1.0 host (DVD players, HD set top boxes, D-VHS players and receivers, PC). The Sil 9993 incorporates a flexible audio and video interface. The receiver can connect to RGB input and output YCbCr using an integrated color space converter. This allows full backward compatibility to DVI, and interfaces to all major video processors. A S/PDIF port can output PCM encoded data as well as Dolby Digital, DTS and all other formats capable of being sent over S/PDIF. A 2-channel I2S port outputs data converted from S/PDIF. The Sil 9993 comes pre-programmed with HDCP keys, greatly simplifying the manufacturing process, lowering costs, all the while providing the highest level of HDCP key security. Silicon Image's PanelLink receivers use the latest generation of PanelLink TMDS core technology. These PanelLink cores pass all HDMI compliancy tests.

### **12.22.2. Features**

- HDMI 1.0 and DVI 1.0 compliant receiver
- Integrated PanelLink core supports DTV resolutions (480i/576i/480p/576p/720p/1080i)
- Digital video interface supports video processors:

- o 24-bit RGB 4:4:4
  - o 24-bit YCbCr 4:4:4
  - o 16/20/24-bit YCbCr 4:2:2
  - o 8/10/12-bit YCbCr 4:2:2 embedded syncs
- Analog RGB and YPbPr output:
  - o 10-bit DAC
  - o Separate or Composite Syncs (Sync on G)
- S/PDIF output supports PCM, Dolby Digital, DTS digital audio transmission (32-48kHz Fs) using IEC 60958 and IEC 61937.
- Programmable I<sup>2</sup>S interface for connection to low-cost audio DACs.
- Integrated HDCP decryption engine for receiving protected audio and video content
- Pre-programmed HDCP keys provide highest level of key security, simplifies manufacturing
- Programmable registers via slave I<sup>2</sup>C interface
- 3.3V operation in 100-pin TQFP package
- Flexible power management

## 12.23. SN74CB3Q3305

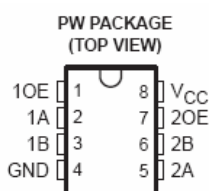
### 12.23.1. General Description

The SN74CB3Q3305 is a high-bandwidth FET bus switch utilizing a charge pump to elevate the gate voltage of the pass transistor, providing a low and flat ON-state resistance ( $r_{on}$ ). The low and flat ON-state resistance allows for minimal propagation delay and supports rail-to-rail switching on the data input/output (I/O) ports. The device also features low data I/O capacitance to minimize capacitive loading and signal distortion on the data bus. Specifically designed to support high-bandwidth applications, the SN74CB3Q3305 provides an optimized interface solution ideally suited for broadband communications, networking, and data-intensive computing systems.

### 12.23.2. Features

- High-Bandwidth Data Path (Up To 500 MHz)
- 5-V Tolerant I/Os with Device Powered-Up or Powered-Down
- Low and Flat ON-State Resistance ( $r_{on}$ ) Characteristics Over Operating Range ( $r_{on} = 3 \Omega$  Typical)
- Rail-to-Rail Switching on Data I/O Ports
  - 0- to 5-V Switching With 3.3-V VCC
  - 0- to 3.3-V Switching With 2.5-V VCC
- Bidirectional Data Flow, With Near-Zero Propagation Delay
- Low Input/Output Capacitance Minimizes Loading and Signal Distortion ( $C_{io(OFF)} = 3.5 \text{ pF}$  Typical)
- Fast Switching Frequency ( $f_{OE} = 20 \text{ MHz}$  Max)
- Data and Control Inputs Provide Undershoot Clamp Diodes
- Low Power Consumption ( $ICC = 0.25 \text{ mA}$  Typical)
- VCC Operating Range From 2.3 V to 3.6 V
- Data I/Os Support 0 to 5-V Signaling Levels (0.8-V, 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, 5-V)
- Control Inputs Can be Driven by TTL or 5-V/3.3-V CMOS Outputs
- $I_{off}$  Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- Supports Both Digital and Analog Applications: USB Interface, Differential Signal Interface, Bus Isolation, Low-Distortion Signal Gating

### 12.23.3. Pin Connections



## 12.24. ST24LC21

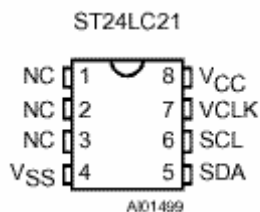
### 12.24.1. Description

The ST24LC21 is a 1K bit electrically erasable programmable memory (EEPROM), organized by 8 bits. This device can operate in two modes: Transmit Only mode and I<sup>2</sup>C bidirectional mode. When powered, the device is in Transmit Only mode with EEPROM data clocked out from the rising edge of the signal applied on VCLK. The device will switch to the I<sup>2</sup>C bidirectional mode upon the falling edge of the signal applied on SCL pin. The ST24LC21 can not switch from the I<sup>2</sup>C bidirectional mode to the Transmit Only mode (except when the power supply is removed). The device operates with a power supply value as low as 2.5V. Both Plastic Dual-in-Line and Plastic Small Outline packages are available.

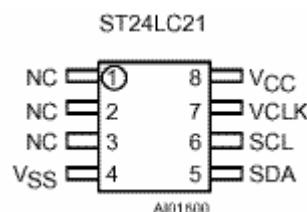
### 12.24.2. Features

- 1 million Erase/Write cycles
- 40 years data retention
- 2.5V to 5.5V single supply voltage
- 400k Hz compatibility over the full range of supply voltage
- Two wire serial interface I<sup>2</sup>C bus compatible
- Page Write (Up To 8 Bytes)
- Byte, random and sequential read modes
- Self timed programming cycle
- Automatic address incrementing
- Enhanced ESD/Latch up
- Performances

### 12.24.3. Pin connections



DIP Pin connections



CO Pin connections

NC: Not connected

### Signal names

SDA	Serial data Address Input/Output
SCL	Serial Clock (I <sup>2</sup> C mode)
V <sub>cc</sub>	Supply voltage
V <sub>ss</sub>	Ground
VCLK	Clock transmit only mode

## 12.25. LM2576

### 12.25.1. General Description

The LM2576 series of regulators are monolithic integrated circuits ideally suited for easy and convenient design of a step-down switching regulator (buck converter). All circuits of this series are capable of driving a 3.0 A load with excellent line and load regulation.

These devices are available in fixed output voltages of 3.3 V, 5.0 V, 12 V, 15 V, and an adjustable output version. These regulators were designed to minimize the number of external components to simplify the power supply design. Standard series of inductors optimized for use with the LM2576 are offered by several different inductor manufacturers.

Since the LM2576 converter is a switch-mode power supply, its efficiency is significantly higher in comparison with popular three-terminal linear regulators, especially with higher input voltages. In many



cases, the power dissipated is so low that no heatsink is required or its size could be reduced dramatically.

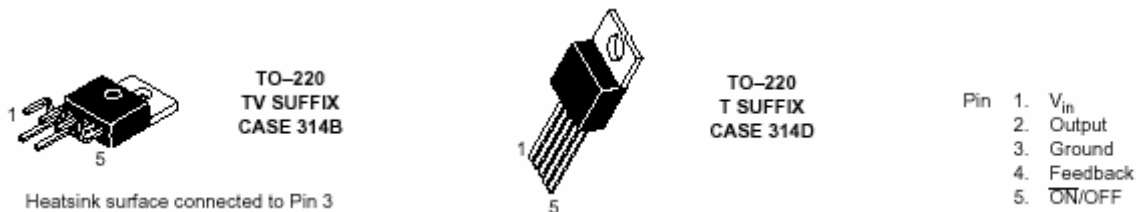
A standard series of inductors optimized for use with the LM2576 are available from several different manufacturers. This feature greatly simplifies the design of switch-mode power supplies.

The LM2576 features include a guaranteed  $\pm 4\%$  tolerance on output voltage within specified input voltages and output load conditions, and  $\pm 10\%$  on the oscillator frequency ( $\pm 2\%$  over  $0^\circ\text{C}$  to  $125^\circ\text{C}$ ). External shutdown is included, featuring 80 mA (typical) standby current. The output switch includes cycle-by-cycle current limiting, as well as thermal shutdown for full protection under fault conditions.

#### 12.25.2. Features

- 3.3 V, 5.0 V, 12 V, 15 V, and Adjustable Output Versions
- Adjustable Version Output Voltage Range, 1.23 to 37 V  $\pm 4\%$  Maximum Over Line and Load Conditions
- Guaranteed 3.0 A Output Current
- Wide Input Voltage Range
- Requires Only 4 External Components
- 52 kHz Fixed Frequency Internal Oscillator
- TTL Shutdown Capability, Low Power Standby Mode
- High Efficiency
- Uses Readily Available Standard Inductors
- Thermal Shutdown and Current Limit Protection
- Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) Equals 1

#### 12.25.3. Pin description



### 12.26. MC34063

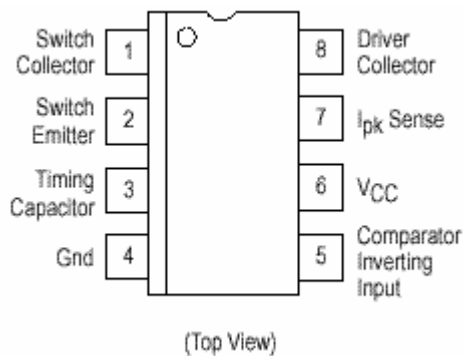
#### 12.26.1. Description

The MC34063A Series is a monolithic control circuit containing the primary functions required for DC-to-DC converters. These devices consist of an internal temperature compensated reference, comparator, controlled duty cycle oscillator with an active current limit circuit, driver and high current output switch. This series was specifically designed to be incorporated in Step-Down and Step-Up and Voltage-Inverting applications with a minimum number of external components.

#### 12.26.2. Features

- Operation from 3.0 V to 40 V Input
- Low Standby Current
- Current Limiting
- Output Switch Current to 1.5 A
- Output Voltage Adjustable
- Frequency Operation to 100 kHz
- Precision 2% Reference

### 12.26.3. Pin connections



## 12.27. TDA1308

### 12.27.1. General Description

The TDA1308 is an integrated class AB stereo headphone driver contained in an SO8 or a DIP8 plastic package. The device is fabricated in a 1 mm CMOS process and has been primarily developed for portable digital audio applications.

### 12.27.2. Features

- Wide temperature range
- No switch ON/OFF clicks
- Excellent power supply ripple rejection
- Low power consumption
- Short-circuit resistant
- High performance
- high signal-to-noise ratio
- High slew rate
- Low distortion
- Large output voltage swing.

### 12.27.3. Pinning

SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION	PIN VALUE
OUTA	1	Output A (Voltage swing)	Min : 0.75V, Max : 4.25V
INA(neg)	2	Inverting input A	Vo(clip) : Min : 1400mVrms
INA(pos)	3	Non-inverting input A	2.5V
V <sub>SS</sub>	4	Negative supply	0V
INB(pos)	5	Non-inverting input B	2.5V
INB(neg)	6	Inverting input B	Vo(clip) : Min : 1400mVrms
OUTB	7	Output B (Voltage swing)	Min : 0.75V, Max : 4.25V
V <sub>DD</sub>	8	Positive supply	5V, Min : 3.0V, Max : 7.0V

## 12.28. TDA9886

### 12.28.1. General Description

The TDA9886 is an alignment-free single standard (without positive modulation) vision and sound IF signal PLL.

### 12.28.2. Features

- 5 V supply voltage
- Gain controlled wide-band Vision Intermediate Frequency (VIF) amplifier (AC-coupled)

- Multistandard true synchronous demodulation with active carrier regeneration (very linear demodulation, good intermodulation figures, reduced harmonics, excellent pulse response)
- Gated phase detector for L/L accent standard
- Fully integrated VIF Voltage Controlled Oscillator (VCO), alignment-free; frequencies switchable for all negative and positive modulated standards via I<sup>2</sup>C-bus
- Digital acquisition help, VIF frequencies of 33.4, 33.9, 38.0, 38.9, 45.75 and 58.75 MHz
- 4 MHz reference frequency input [signal from Phase-Locked Loop (PLL) tuning system] or operating as crystal oscillator
- VIF Automatic Gain Control (AGC) detector for gain control, operating as peak sync detector for negative modulated signals and as a peak white detector for positive modulated signals
- Precise fully digital Automatic Frequency Control (AFC) detector with 4-bit digital-to-analogue converter; AFC bits via I<sup>2</sup>C -bus readable
- TakeOver Point (TOP) adjustable via I<sup>2</sup>C-bus or alternatively with potentiometer
- Fully integrated sound carrier trap for 4.5, 5.5, 6.0 and 6.5 MHz, controlled by FM-PLL oscillator
- Sound IF (SIF) input for single reference Quasi Split Sound (QSS) mode (PLL controlled)
- SIF AGC for gain controlled SIF amplifier; single reference QSS mixer able to operate in high performance single reference QSS mode and in intercarrier mode, switchable via I<sup>2</sup>C-bus
- AM demodulator without extra reference circuit
- Alignment-free selective FM-PLL demodulator with high linearity and low noise
- I<sup>2</sup>C-bus control for all functions
- I<sup>2</sup>C-bus transceiver with pin programmable Module Address (MAD).

### 12.28.3. Pinning

SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION
VIF1	1	VIF differential input 1
VIF2	2	VIF differential input 2
OP1	3	output 1 (open-collector)
FMPLL	4	FM-PLL for loop filter
DEEM	5	de-emphasis output for capacitor
AFD	6	AF decoupling input for capacitor
DGND	7	digital ground
AUD	8	audio output
TOP	9	tuner AGC TakeOver Point (TOP)
SDA	10	I <sup>2</sup> C-bus data input/output
SCL	11	I <sup>2</sup> C-bus clock input
SIOMA	12	sound intercarrier output and MAD select
n.c.	13	not connected
TAGC	14	tuner AGC output
REF	15	4 MHz crystal or reference input
VAGC	16	VIF-AGC for capacitor; note 1
CVBS	17	video output
AGND	18	analog ground
VPLL	19	VIF-PLL for loop filter
V <sub>P</sub>	20	supply voltage (+5 V)
AFC	21	AFC output
OP2	22	output 2 (open-collector)
SIF1	23	SIF differential input 1
SIF2	24	SIF differential input 2

## 12.29. TPA3004D2

### 12.29.1. General Description

The TPA3004D2 is a 12-W (per channel) efficient, Class-D audio amplifier for driving bridged-tied stereo speakers. The TPA3004D2 can drive stereo speakers as low as 4  $\Omega$ . The high efficiency of the TPA3004D2 eliminates the need for external heatsinks when playing music.

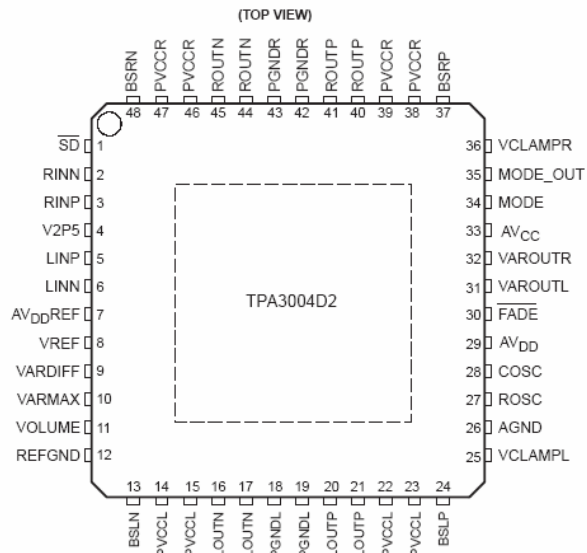
Stereo speaker volume is controlled with a dc voltage applied to the volume control terminal offering a range of gain from  $-40$  dB to 36 dB. Line outputs, for driving external headphone amplifier inputs, are also dc voltage controlled with a range of gain from  $-56$  dB to 20 dB.

An integrated 5-V regulated supply is provided for powering an external headphone amplifier.

### 12.29.2. Features

- 12-W/Ch Into an 8- $\Omega$  Load From 15-V Supply
- Efficient, Class-D Operation Eliminates Heatsinks and Reduces Power Supply Requirements
- 32-Step DC Volume Control From  $-40$  dB to 36 dB
- Line Outputs For External Headphone Amplifier With Volume Control
- Regulated 5-V Supply Output for Powering TPA6110A2
- Space-Saving, Thermally-Enhanced PowerPAD™ Packaging
- Thermal and Short-Circuit Protection.

### 12.29.3. Pinning



TERMINAL NO.	NAME	I/O	DESCRIPTION
AGND	26	–	Analog ground for digital/analog cells in core
AVCC	33	–	High-voltage analog power supply (8.5 V to 18 V)
AVDD	29	O	5-V Regulated output capable of 100-mA output
AVDDREF	7	O	5-V Reference output—provided for connection to adjacent VREF terminal.
BSLN	13	I/O	Bootstrap I/O for left channel, negative high-side FET
BSLP	24	I/O	Bootstrap I/O for left channel, positive high-side FET
BSRN	48	I/O	Bootstrap I/O for right channel, negative high-side FET
BSRP	37	I/O	Bootstrap I/O for right channel, positive high-side FET
COSC	28	I/O	I/O for charge/discharge currents onto capacitor for ramp generator triangle wave biased at V2P5
FADE	30	I	Input for controlling volume ramp rate. A logic low on this pin places the amplifier in fade mode. A logic high on this pin allows a quick transition to the desired volume setting when cycling $\overline{SD}$ or during power-up.
LINN	6	I	Negative differential audio input for left channel
LINP	5	I	Positive differential audio input for left channel
LOUTN	16, 17	O	Class-D 1/2-H-bridge negative output for left channel
LOUTP	20, 21	O	Class-D 1/2-H-bridge positive output for left channel
MODE	34	I	Input for MODE control. A logic high on this pin places the amplifier in the variable output mode and the Class-D outputs are disabled. A logic low on this pin places the amplifier in the Class-D mode and Class-D stereo outputs are enabled. Variable outputs (VAROUTL and VAROUTR) are still enabled in Class-D mode to be used as line-level outputs for external amplifiers.
MODE_OUT	35	O	Output for control of the variable output amplifiers. When the MODE pin (34) is a logic high, the MODE_OUT pin is driven low. When the MODE pin (34) is a logic low, the MODE_OUT pin is driven high. This pin is intended for MUTE control of an external headphone amplifier. Leave unconnected when not used for headphone amplifier control.
PGNDL	18, 19	–	Power ground for left channel H-bridge
PGNDR	42, 43	–	Power ground for right channel H-bridge
PVCLL	14, 15	–	Power supply for left channel H-bridge (tied to pins 22 and 23 internally), not connected to PVCCR or AVCC.
PVCLL	22, 23	–	Power supply for left channel H-bridge (tied to pins 14 and 15 internally), not connected to PVCCR or AVCC.
PVCCR	38, 39	–	Power supply for right channel H-bridge (tied to pins 46 and 47 internally), not connected to PVCLL or AVCC.
PVCCR	46, 47	–	Power supply for right channel H-bridge (tied to pins 38 and 39 internally), not connected to PVCLL or AVCC.
REFGND	12	–	Ground for gain control circuitry. Connect to AGND. If using a DAC to control the volume, connect the DAC ground to this terminal.
RINP	3	I	Positive differential audio input for right channel
RINN	2	I	Negative differential audio input for right channel
ROSC	27	I/O	Current setting resistor for ramp generator. Nominally equal to $1/8 \times V_{CC}$
ROUTN	44, 45	O	Class-D 1/2-H-bridge negative output for right channel
ROUTP	40, 41	O	Class-D 1/2-H-bridge positive output for right channel
SD	1	I	Shutdown signal for IC (low = shutdown, high = operational). TTL logic levels with compliance to $V_{CC}$ .
VARDIFF	9	I	DC voltage to set the difference in gain between the Class-D and VAROUT outputs. Connect to GND or AVDDREF if VAROUT outputs are unconnected.
VARMAX	10	I	DC voltage that sets the maximum gain for the VAROUT outputs. Connect to GND or AVDDREF if VAROUT outputs are unconnected.
VAROUTL	31	O	Variable output for left channel audio. Line level output for driving external HP amplifier.
VAROUTR	32	O	Variable output for right channel audio. Line level output for driving external HP amplifier.
VCLAMPL	25	–	Internally generated voltage supply for left channel bootstrap capacitors.
VCLAMPR	36	–	Internally generated voltage supply for right channel bootstrap capacitors.
VOLUME	11	I	DC voltage that sets the gain of the Class-D and VAROUT outputs.
VREF	8	I	Analog reference for gain control section.
V2P5	4	O	2.5-V Reference for analog cells, as well as reference for unused audio input when using single-ended inputs.
—	Thermal Pad	–	Connect to AGND and PGND—should be center point for both grounds.

## 12.30. $\mu$ PA672T

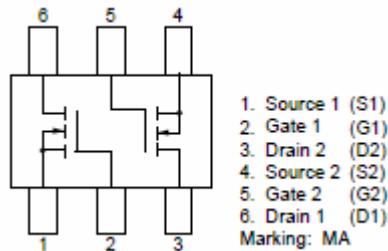
### 12.30.1. General Description

The  $\mu$ PA672T is a super-mini-mold device provided with two MOS FET elements. It achieves high-density mounting and saves mounting costs.

### 12.30.2. Features

- Two MOS FET circuits in package the same size as SC-70
- Automatic mounting supported

### 12.30.3. Pin Connection



## 12.31. VPC3230D

### 12.31.1. General Description

The VPC 323xD is a high-quality, single-chip video front-end, which is targeted for 4:3 and 16:9, 50/60-Hz and 100/120 Hz TV sets. It can be combined with other members of the DIGIT3000 IC family (such as DDP 331x) and/or it can be used with 3rd-party products.

The main features of the VPC 323xD are

- high-performance adaptive 4H comb filter Y/C separator with adjustable vertical peaking
- multi-standard colour decoder PAL/NTSC/SECAM including all substandards
- four CVBS, one S-VHS input, one CVBS output
- two RGB/YC<sub>r</sub> C<sub>b</sub> component inputs, one Fast Blank (FB) input
- integrated high-quality A/D converters and associated clamp and AGC circuits
- multi-standard sync processing
- linear horizontal scaling (0.25 ... 4), as well as non-linear horizontal scaling 'Panorama-vision'
- PAL+ preprocessing
- line-locked clock, data and sync, or 656-output interface
- peaking, contrast, brightness, color saturation and tint for RGB/ YC<sub>r</sub> C<sub>b</sub> and CVBS/ S-VHS
- high-quality soft mixer controlled by Fast Blank
- PIP processing for four picture sizes (1/4, 1/9, 1/16 or 1/36 of normal size) with 8-bit resolution
- 15 predefined PIP display configurations and expert mode (fully programmable)
- control interface for external field memory
- I<sup>2</sup>C-bus interface
- one 20.25-MHz crystal, few external components
- 80-pin PQFP package

### 12.31.2. Pin Connections and Short Descriptions

NC = not connected

LV = if not used, leave vacant

X = obligatory; connect as described in circuit diagram

SUPPLYA = 4.75...5.25 V, SUPPLYD = 3.15...3.45 V


Pin No. PQFP 80-pin	Pin Name	Type	Connection (if not used)	Short Description
1	B1/CB1IN	IN	VREF	Blue1/Cb1 Analog Component Input
2	G1/Y1IN	IN	VREF	Green1/Y1 Analog Component Input
3	R1/CR1IN	IN	VREF	Red1/Cr1 Analog Component Input
4	B2/CB2IN	IN	VREF	Blue2/Cb2 Analog Component Input

5	G2/Y2IN	IN	VREF	Green2/Y2 Analog Component Input
6	R2/CR2IN	IN	VREF	Read2/Cr2 Analog Component Input
7	ASGF		X	Analog Shield GND <sub>F</sub>
8	FFRSTWIN	IN	LV or GND <sub>D</sub>	FIFO Reset Write Input
9	V <sub>SUPCAP</sub>	OUT	X	Digital Decoupling Circuitry Supply Voltage
10	V <sub>SUPD</sub>	SUPPLYD	X	Supply Voltage, Digital Circuitry
11	GND <sub>D</sub>	SUPPLYD	X	Ground, Digital Circuitry
12	GND <sub>CAP</sub>	OUT	X	Digital Decoupling Circuitry GND
13	SCL	IN/OUT	X	I <sup>2</sup> C Bus Clock
14	SDA	IN/OUT	X	I <sup>2</sup> C Bus Data
15	RESQ	IN	X	Reset Input, Active Low
16	TEST	IN	GND <sub>D</sub>	Test Pin, connect to GND <sub>D</sub>
17	VGAV	IN	GND <sub>D</sub>	VGAV Input
18	YCOEQ	IN	GND <sub>D</sub>	Y/C Output Enable Input, Active Low
19	FFIE	OUT	LV	FIFO Input Enable
20	FFWE	OUT	LV	FIFO Write Enable
21	FFRSTW	OUT	LV	FIFO Reset Write/Read
22	FFRE	OUT	LV	FIFO Read Enable
23	FFOE	OUT	LV	FIFO Output Enable
24	CLK20	IN/OUT	LV	Main Clock output 20.25 MHz
25	GND <sub>PA</sub>	OUT	X	Pad Decoupling Circuitry GND
26	V <sub>SUPPA</sub>	OUT	X	Pad Decoupling Circuitry Supply Voltage
27	LLC2	OUT	LV	Double Clock Output
28	LLC1	IN/OUT	LV	Clock Output
29	V <sub>SUPLLC</sub>	SUPPLYD	X	Supply Voltage, LLC Circuitry
30	GND <sub>LLC</sub>	SUPPLYD	X	Ground, LLC Circuitry
31	Y7	OUT	GND <sub>Y</sub>	Picture Bus Luma (MSB)
32	Y6	OUT	GND <sub>Y</sub>	Picture Bus Luma
33	Y5	OUT	GND <sub>Y</sub>	Picture Bus Luma
34	Y4	OUT	GND <sub>Y</sub>	Picture Bus Luma
35	GND <sub>Y</sub>	SUPPLYD	X	Ground, Luma Output Circuitry
36	V <sub>SUPY</sub>	SUPPLYD	X	Supply Voltage, Luma Output Circuitry
37	Y3	OUT	GND <sub>Y</sub>	Picture Bus Luma
38	Y2	OUT	GND <sub>Y</sub>	Picture Bus Luma
39	Y1	OUT	GND <sub>Y</sub>	Picture Bus Luma
40	Y0	OUT	GND <sub>Y</sub>	Picture Bus Luma (LSB)
41	C7	OUT	GND <sub>C</sub>	Picture Bus Chroma (MSB)
42	C6	OUT	GND <sub>C</sub>	Picture Bus Chroma
43	C5	OUT	GND <sub>C</sub>	Picture Bus Chroma
44	C4	OUT	GND <sub>C</sub>	Picture Bus Chroma
45	V <sub>SUPC</sub>	SUPPLYD	X	Supply Voltage, Chroma Output Circuitry
46	GND <sub>C</sub>	SUPPLYD	X	Ground, Chroma Output Circuitry
47	C3	OUT	GND <sub>C</sub>	Picture Bus Chroma
48	C2	OUT	GND <sub>C</sub>	Picture Bus Chroma
49	C1	OUT	GND <sub>C</sub>	Picture Bus Chroma
50	C0	OUT	GND <sub>C</sub>	Picture Bus Chroma (LSB)
51	GND <sub>SY</sub>	SUPPLYD	X	Ground Sync Pad Circuitry
52	V <sub>SUPSY</sub>	SUPPLYD	X	Supply Voltage, Sync Pad Circuitry
53	INTLC	OUT	LV	Interlace Output
54	AVO	OUT	LV	Active Video Output
55	FSY/HC/HSYA	OUT	LV	Front Sync/ Horizontal Clamp Pulse/Front-End Horizontal Sync Output
56	MSY/HS	IN/OUT	LV	Main Sync/Horizontal Sync Pulse
57	VS	OUT	LV	Vertical Sync Pulse
58	FPDAT/VSYA	IN/OUT	LV	Front End/Back-End Data/Front-End Vertical Sync Output
59	V <sub>STBY</sub>	SUPPLYA	X	Standby Supply Voltage
60	CLK5	OUT	LV	CCU 5 MHz Clock Output
61	NC	-	LV or GND <sub>D</sub>	Not Connected
62	XTAL1	IN	X	Analog Crystal Input
63	XTAL2	OUT	X	Analog Crystal Output
64	ASGF		X	Analog Shield GND <sub>F</sub>
65	GND <sub>F</sub>	SUPPLYA	X	Ground, Analog Front-End
66	VRT	OUTPUT	X	Reference Voltage Top, Analog

67	I2CSEL	IN	X	I <sup>2</sup> C Bus Address Select
68	ISGND	SUPPLYA	X	Signal Ground for Analog Input, connect to GND <sub>F</sub>
69	V <sub>SUPF</sub>	SUPPLYA	X	Supply Voltage, Analog Front-End
70	VOU <sub>T</sub>	OUT	LV	Analog Video Output
71	CIN	IN	LV	Chroma/Analog Video 5 Input
72	VIN1	IN	VRT	Video 1 Analog Input
73	VIN2	IN	VRT	Video 2 Analog Input
74	VIN3	IN	VRT	Video 3 Analog Input
75	VIN4	IN	VRT	Video 4 Analog Input
76	V <sub>SUPAI</sub>	SUPPLYA	X	Supply Voltage, Analog Component Inputs Front-End
77	GND <sub>AI</sub>	SUPPLYA	X	Ground, Analog Component Inputs Front-End
78	VREF	OUTPUT	X	Reference Voltage Top, Analog Component Inputs Front-End
79	FB1IN	IN	VREF	Fast Blank Input
80	AISGND	SUPPLYA	X	Signal Ground for Analog Component Inputs, connect to GND <sub>AI</sub>



## 13. SERVICE MENU SETTINGS

To enter the service menu, first enter the MENU by pressing “” button and then press the digits 4, 7, 2 and 5 respectively.

### 13.1. Service Menu Items

#### 13.1.1. Picture Adjust

- *Source* => All possible sources given with the chassis as a list.
- *Mode* => Three items as a list; NATURAL, DYNAMIC, CINEMA
- *Colour Temp* => Three items as a list; COOL, NORMAL, WARM
- *Contrast* => Slider Bar. Changing value between 0 to 63.
- *Brightness* => Slider Bar. Changing value between 0 to 63.
- *Sharpness* => Slider Bar. Changing value between 0 to 16.
- *Colour* => Slider Bar. Changing value between 0 to 99.
- *R* => Slider Bar. Changing value between 0 to 100.
- *G* => Slider Bar. Changing value between 0 to 100.
- *B* => Slider Bar. Changing value between 0 to 100.

In this menu preset values for each Mode (Contrast, Brightness, Sharpness, Colour values for each Mode-NATURAL, DYNAMIC, CINEMA) and for each Colour Temp. (R, G, B values for each Colour Temp- COOL, NORMAL, WARM) are determined for each source.

#### 13.1.2. SOUND1

- *Menu Subwoofer* => If ON, Subwoofer option is available in TV set, and the item is visible in sound menu, else Subwoofer is not available.
- *Subwoofer Level (dB)* => This value is gain value of Subwoofer output in dB. -30...12
- *Subwoofer Corner Freq. (x10Hz)* => Last low frequency value that is amplified. 5...40
- *Menu Dolby Prologic* => No functionality now.
- *Menu Equalizer* => If ON, visible in sound menu, else invisible.
- *Menu Lineout* => No functionality now.
- *Menu Headphone* => If ON, visible in sound menu, else invisible.
- *Menu Hyper Sound* => If ON, visible in sound menu, else invisible.
- *Menu Wide Sound* => If ON, visible in sound menu, else invisible.
- *Menu Dynamic Bass* => If ON, visible in sound menu, else invisible.
- *Menu Virtual Dolby* => If ON, visible in sound menu, else invisible.
- *Carrier Mute* => If ON, in the absence of an FM carrier the output is muted, else not.
- *Virtual Dolby Text* => Active if VIRTUAL DOLBY is ON. According to the selection; seen in sound menu as 3D PANORAMA or VIRTUAL DOLBY.

#### 13.1.3. SOUND 2

- *AVL* => AVL is controlled from this menu by service user. ON/OFF
- *Menu AVL* => If ON, AVL item is visible in sound menu, and AVL can be controlled from sound menu by normal user, else AVL is invisible to normal user.
  - *FM PRESCALE AVL ON* => If AVL ON, set value in this item is used as prescale value for the related standard. 0...127
  - *NICAM PRESCALE AVL ON* => If AVL ON, set value in this item is used as prescale value for the related standard. 0...127
  - *SCART PRESCALE AVL ON* => If AVL ON, set value in this item is used as prescale value for scart outputs. 0...127
  - *SCART VOLUME AVL ON* => If AVL ON, set value in this item is used as volume value for scart1 and scart2. 0...127
  - *FM PRESCALE AVL OFF* => If AVL OFF, set value in this item is used as prescale value for the related standard. 0...127
  - *NICAM PRESCALE AVL OFF* => If AVL OFF, set value in this item is used as prescale value for the related standard. 0...127
  - *SCART PRESCALE AVL OFF* => If AVL OFF, set value in this item is used as prescale value for scart outputs. 0...127

- SCART VOLOUME AVL OFF => If AVL OFF, set value in this item is used as volume value for scart1 and scart2. 0...127

#### 13.1.4. Options

- Screen Saver =>
- FIRST APS => If ON, first APS menu is opened when the TV opened with the factory default settings.
- APS VOLUME => After First APS function finishes, the volume of the TV is that value.
- AGC => Tuner AGC value.
- Factory Reset => OK to activate. When OK pressed on this item, factory defaults loaded.
- Enter Flash Mode =>

#### 13.1.5. TV Norm

- BG => If ON, supported, else not supported
- DK => If ON, supported, else not supported.
- I => If ON, supported, else not supported.
- L => If ON, supported, else not supported.
- LP => If ON, supported, else not supported.
- M => If ON, supported, else not supported.

#### 13.1.6. Features

- PIP/PAP => If ON, PIP/PAP available else not.
- Blue Background => If ON, Blue Background is visible in Features Menu else not.
- Menu Transparency => If ON, Menu Transparency is visible in Features Menu else not.
- Menu Timeout => If ON, Menu Timeout is visible in Features Menu else not.
- Backlight => If ON, Backlight is visible in Features Menu else not.
- Single Tuner =>

#### 13.1.7. Teletext

- Teletext Language => Teletext Language may be controlled from this menu by service user.
- Menu Teletext Language => If ON, Teletext Language item is visible in Features Menu, and Teletext Language can be controlled from Features Menu by normal user, else Teletext Language is invisible to normal user.

#### 13.1.8. Source

- TV
- SC1
- SC2
- SC2 SVHS
- SC3
- SC3 SVHS
- YPBPR
- FAV
- SVHS
- HDMI
- PC

This menu is related with the options of the chassis. These items may be ON or OFF. If ON, the source is available in TV set, and the item is visible in source menu, else the source may be available but invisible to user.

42PD6600

A2 Plasma Panel

FPF42C128128UD-55



FUJITSU HITACHI PLASMA DISPLAY LIMITED

Power Supply MPF7423  
VS30040700

XSUS PCB  
FPF28RXSS0026

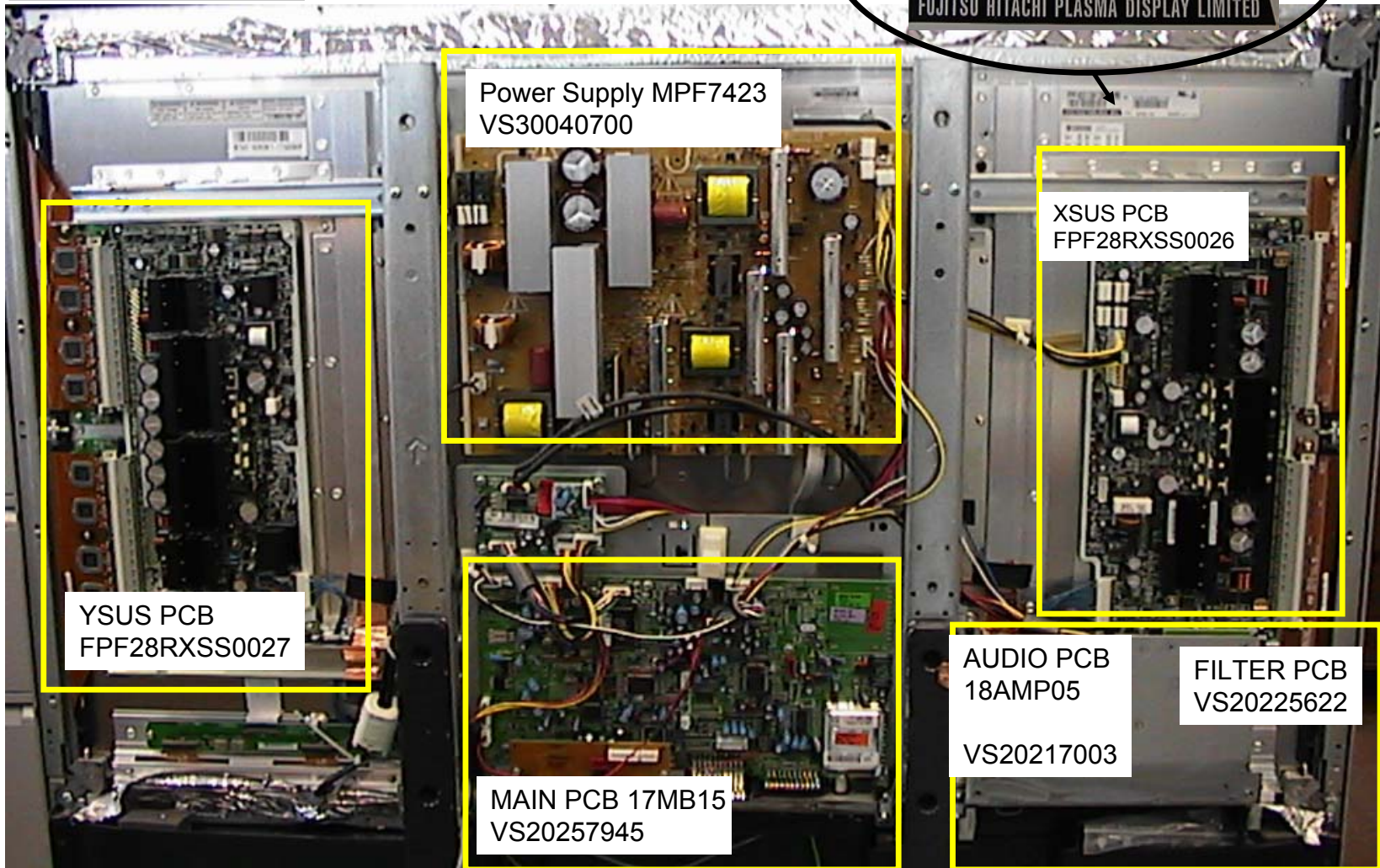
YSUS PCB  
FPF28RXSS0027

MAIN PCB 17MB15  
VS20257945

AUDIO PCB  
18AMP05

FILTER PCB  
VS20225622

VS20217003



42PD6600

A2 Plasma Panel

Located behind the MAIN PCB

LOGIC PCB

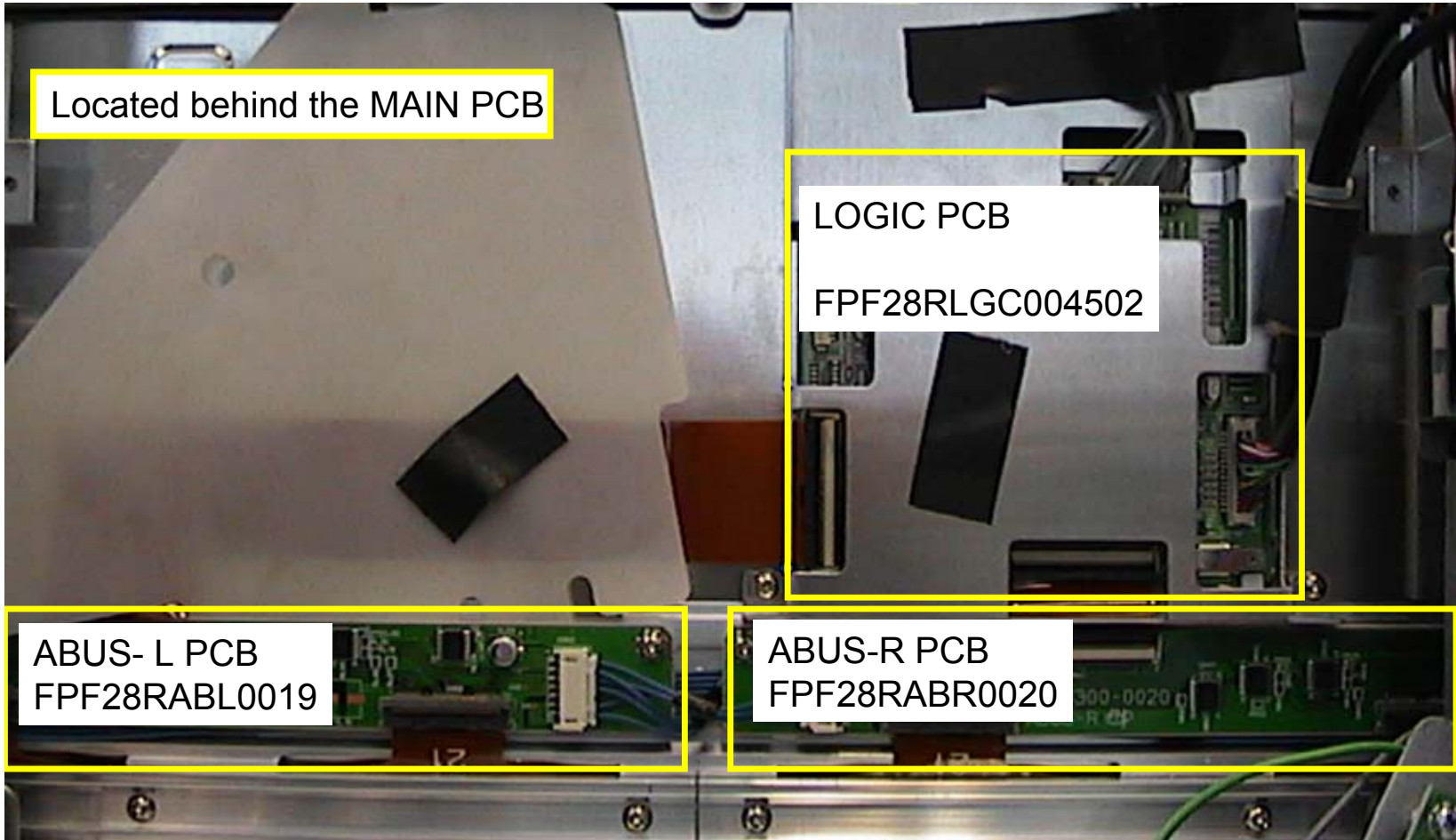
FPF28RLGC004502

ABUS- L PCB

FPF28RABL0019

ABUS-R PCB

FPF28RABR0020





42PD6600A

A3 Plasma Panel

FPF42C128128UE-55



FUJITSU HITACHI PLASMA DISPLAY LIMITED

Power Supply MPF7423D

VS30043468

XBUS

TS06292

XSUS PCB

TS06287

YSUS PCB

TS06288

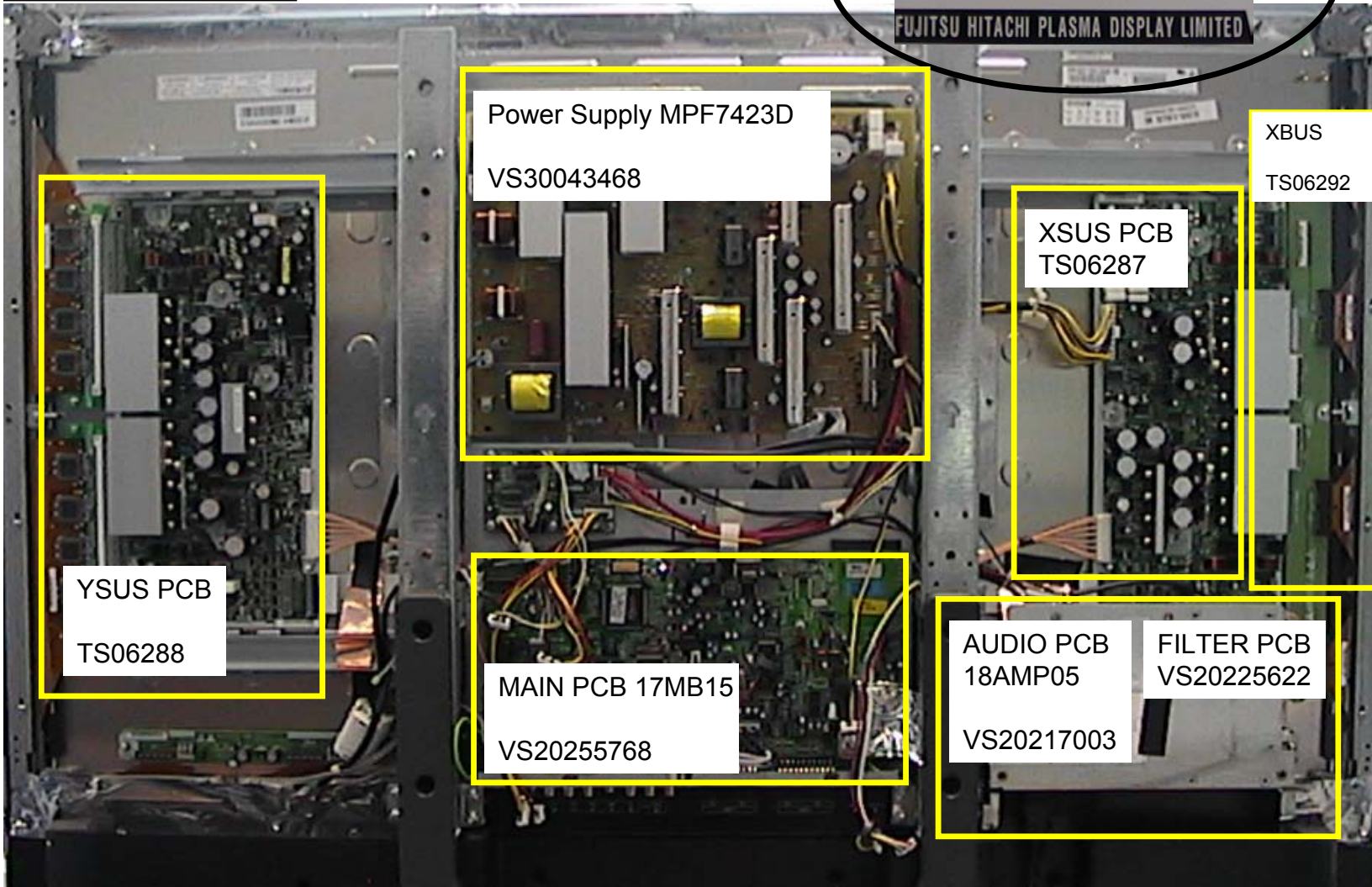
MAIN PCB 17MB15

VS20255768

AUDIO PCB  
18AMP05

VS20217003

FILTER PCB  
VS20225622



42PD6600A

A3 Plasma Panel

Located behind the MAIN PCB

LOGIC PCB

TS06293

ABUS- L PCB  
TS06289

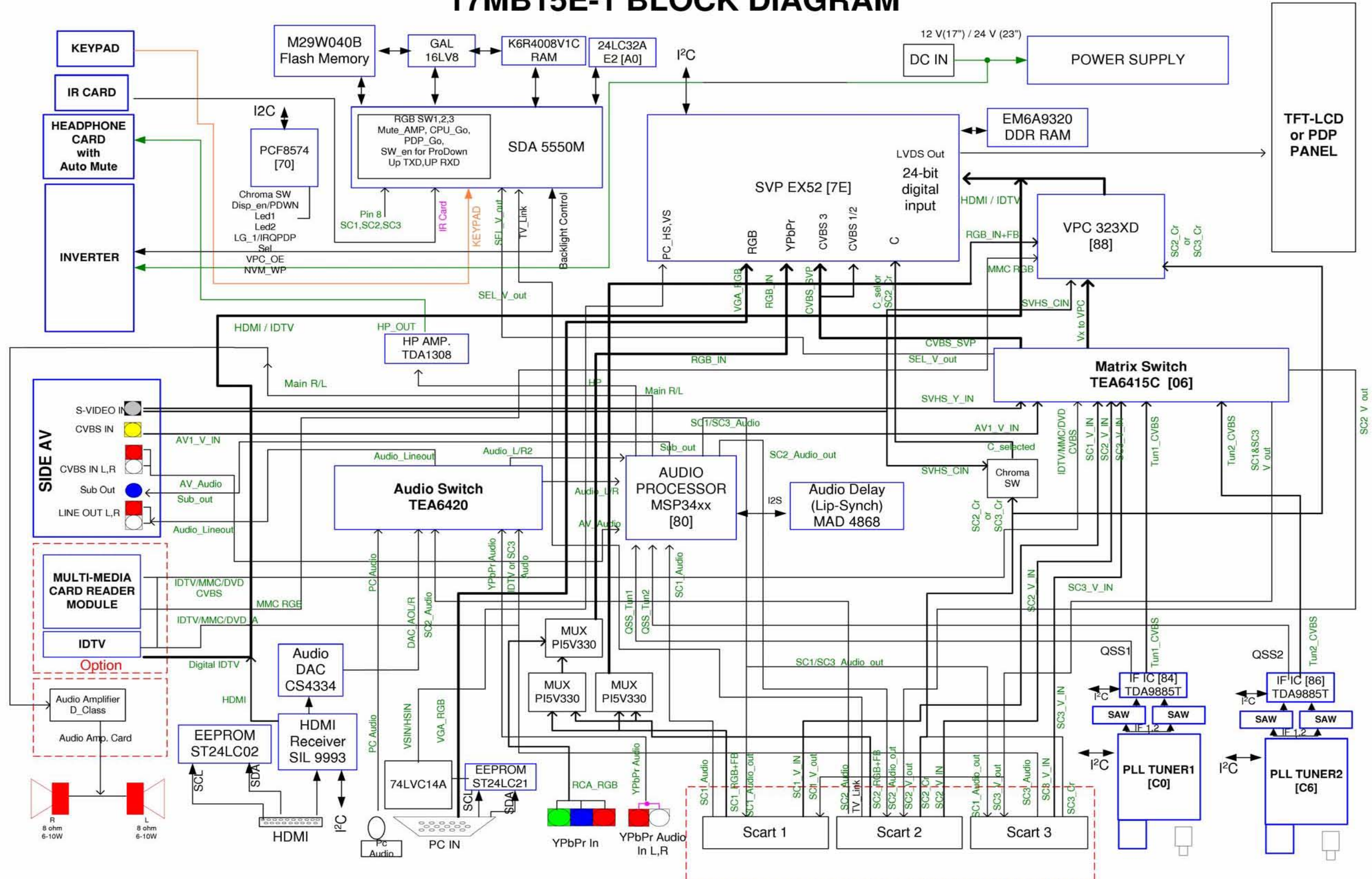
ABUS-R PCB  
TS06291

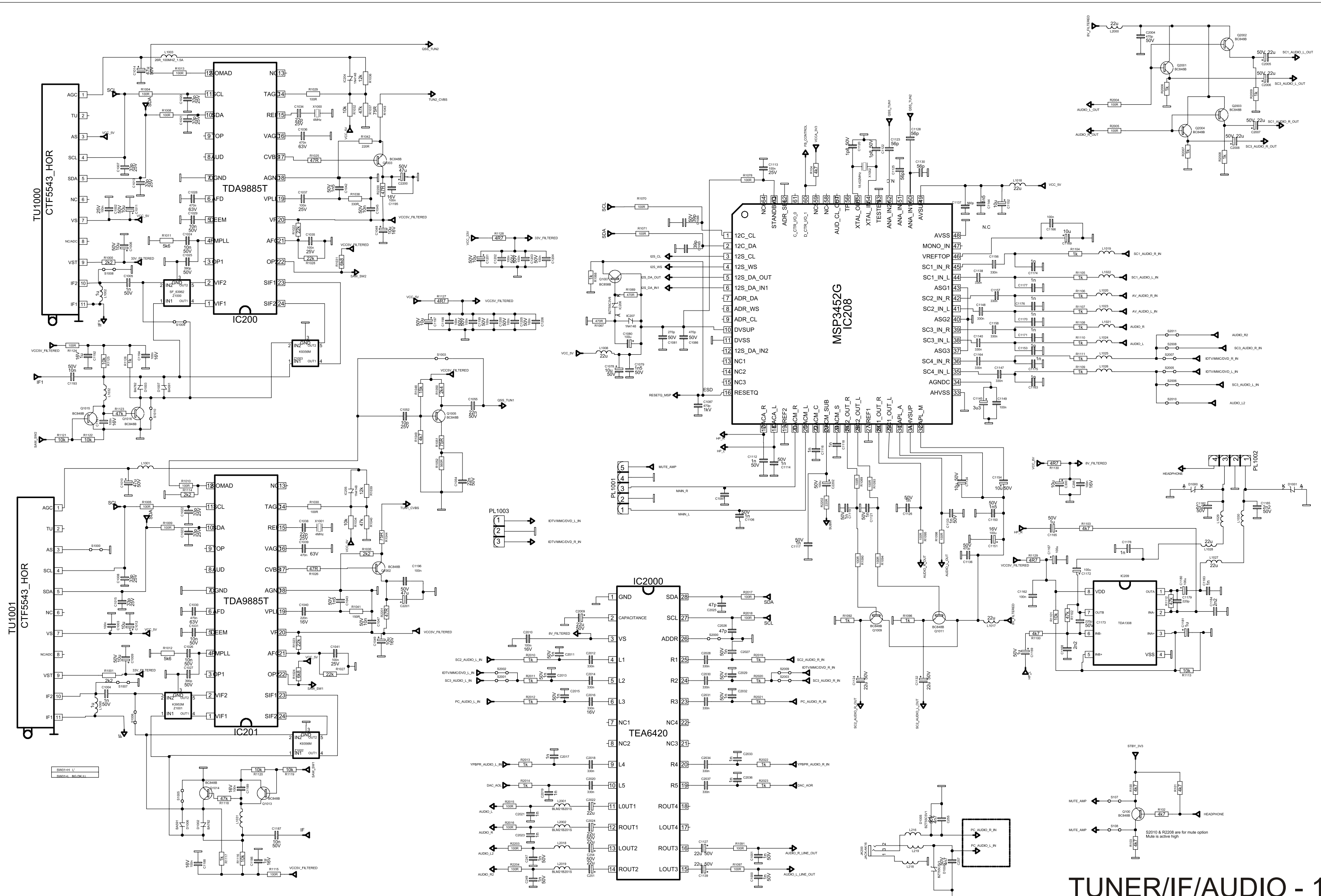
ND60300-0020  
ABUS-R 6P



15. BLOCK DIAGRAM

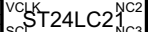
17MB15E-1 BLOCK DIAGRAM

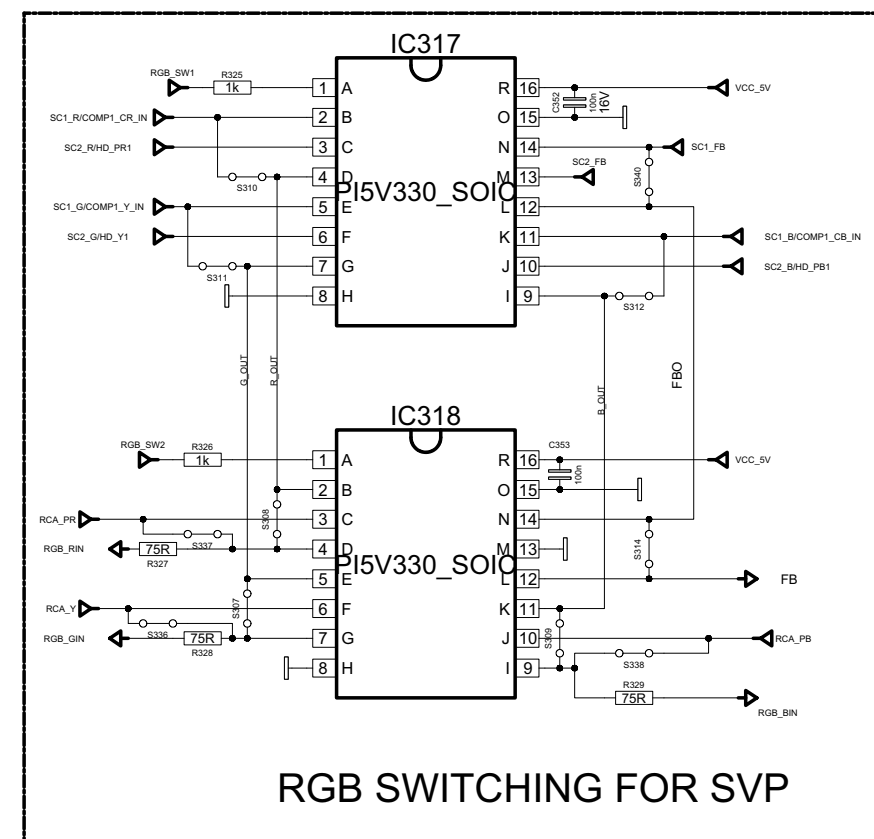
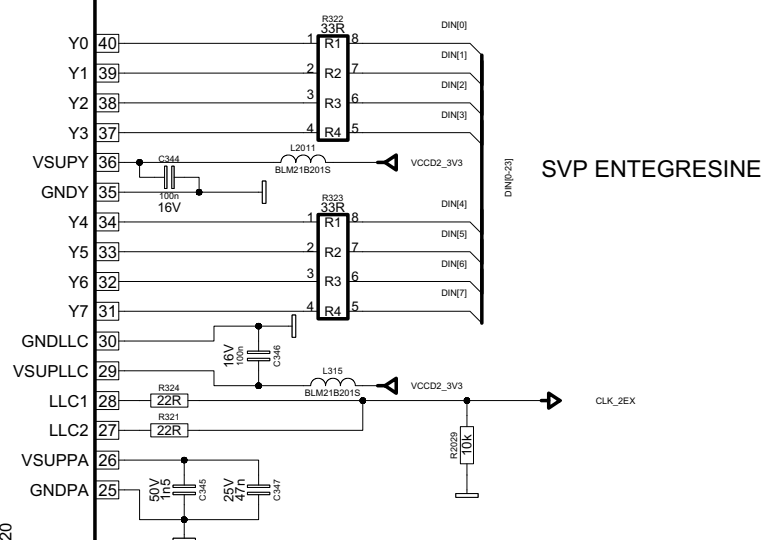
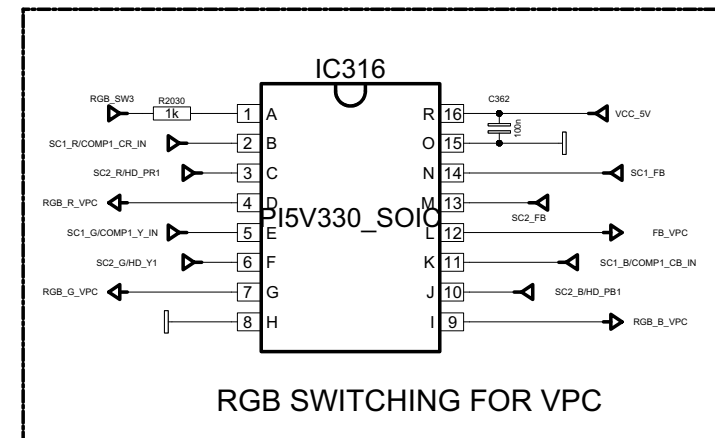
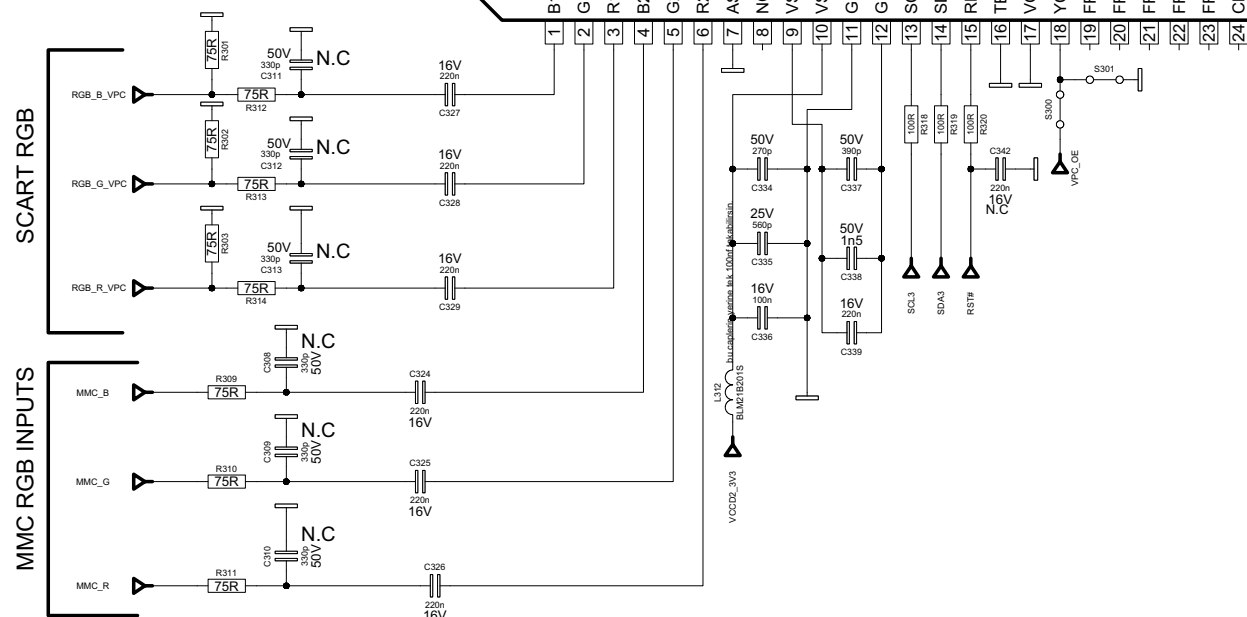
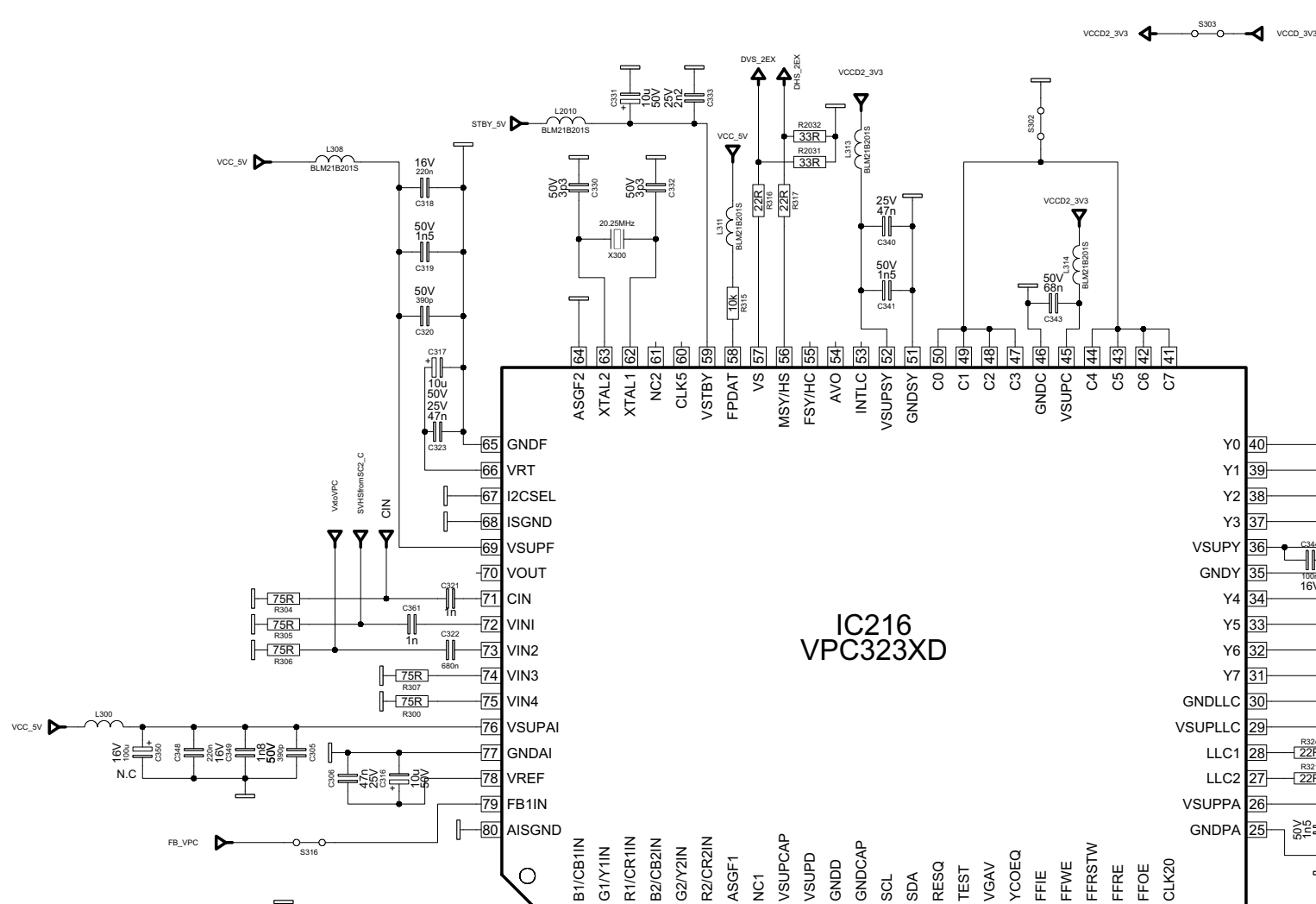
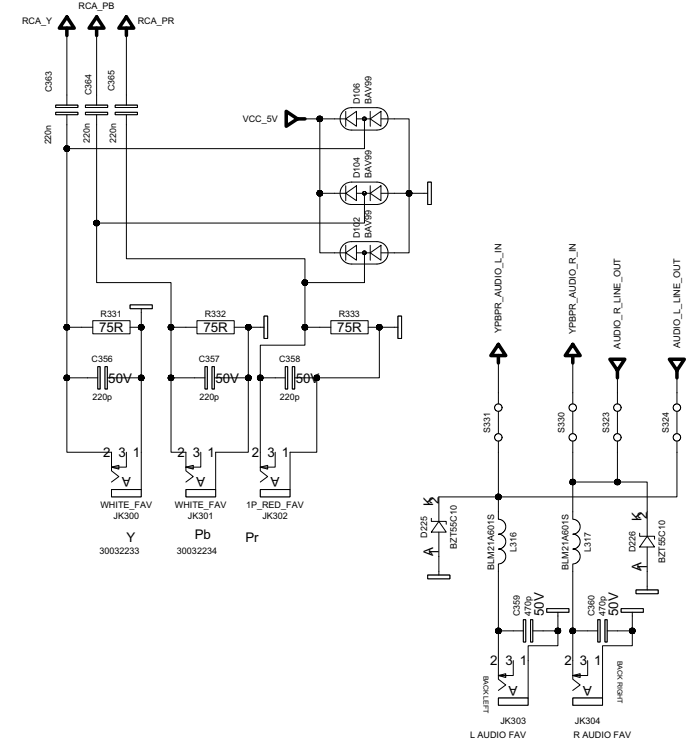


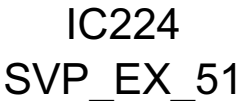
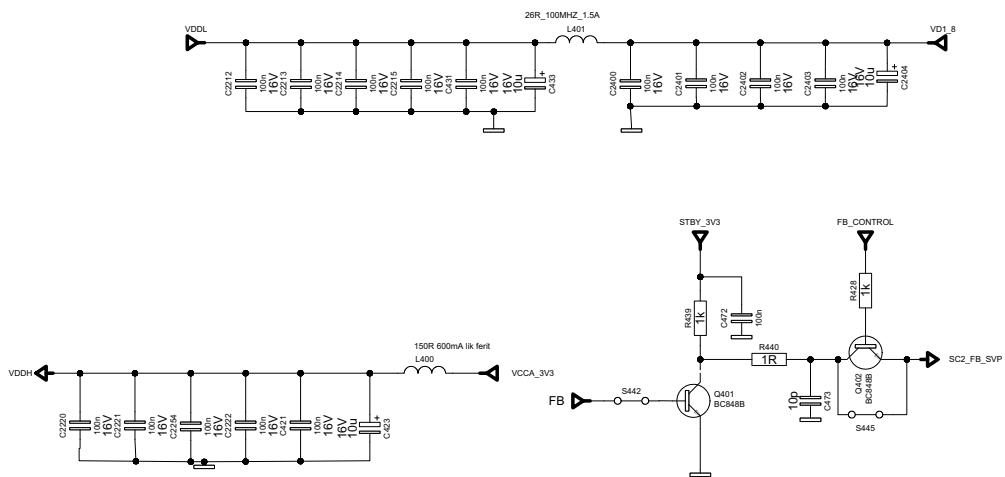


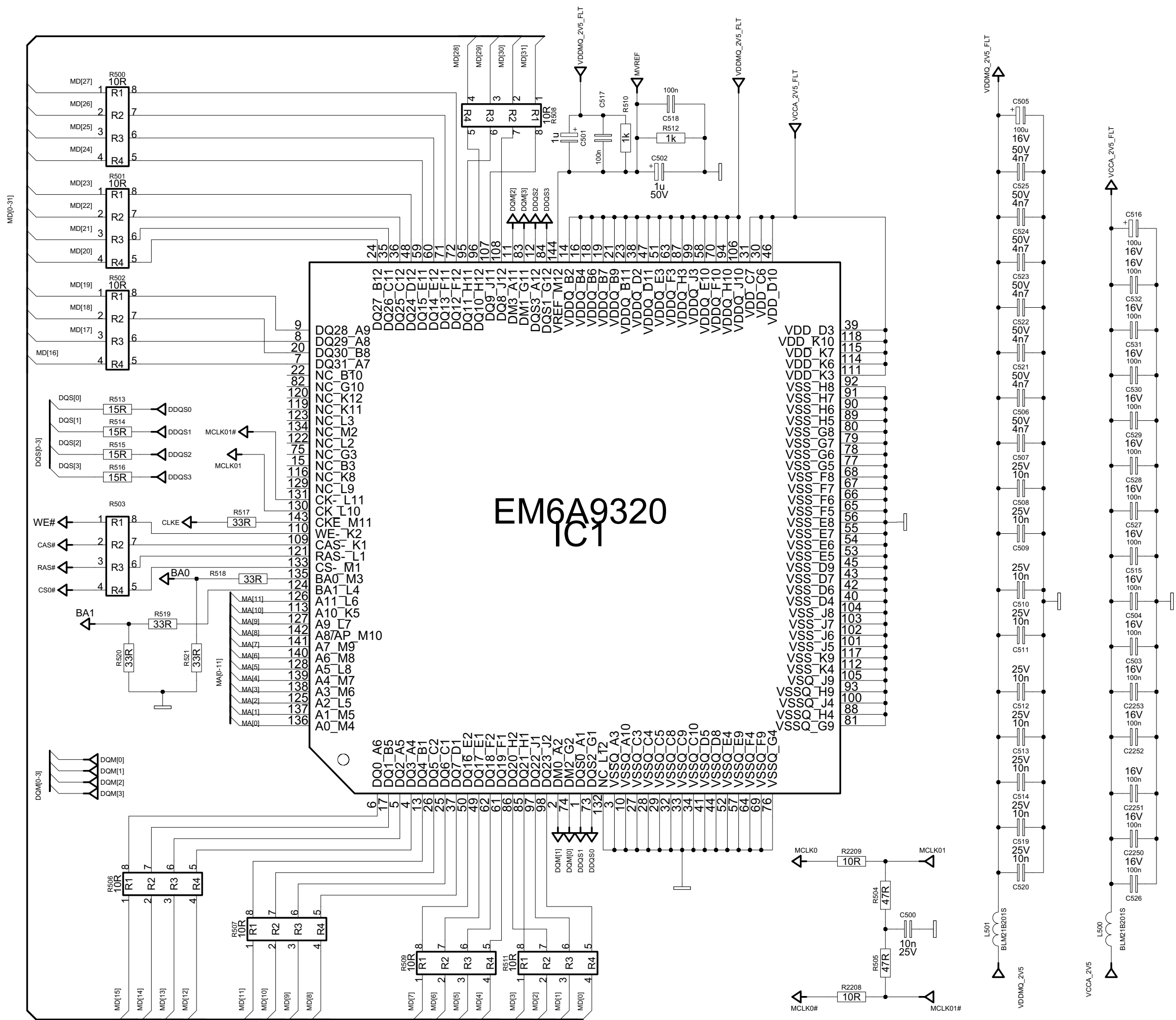
TUNER/IF/AUDIO - 1

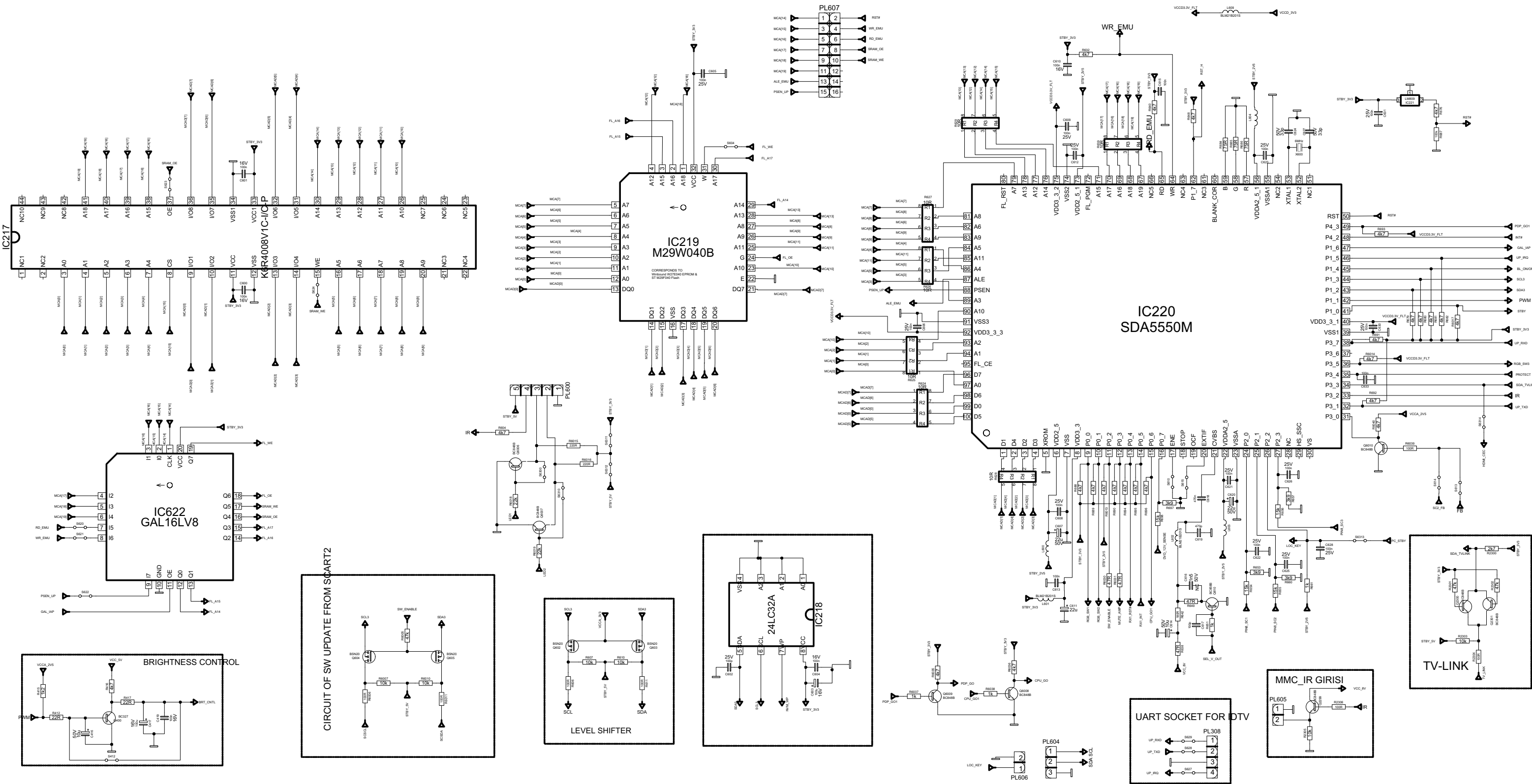




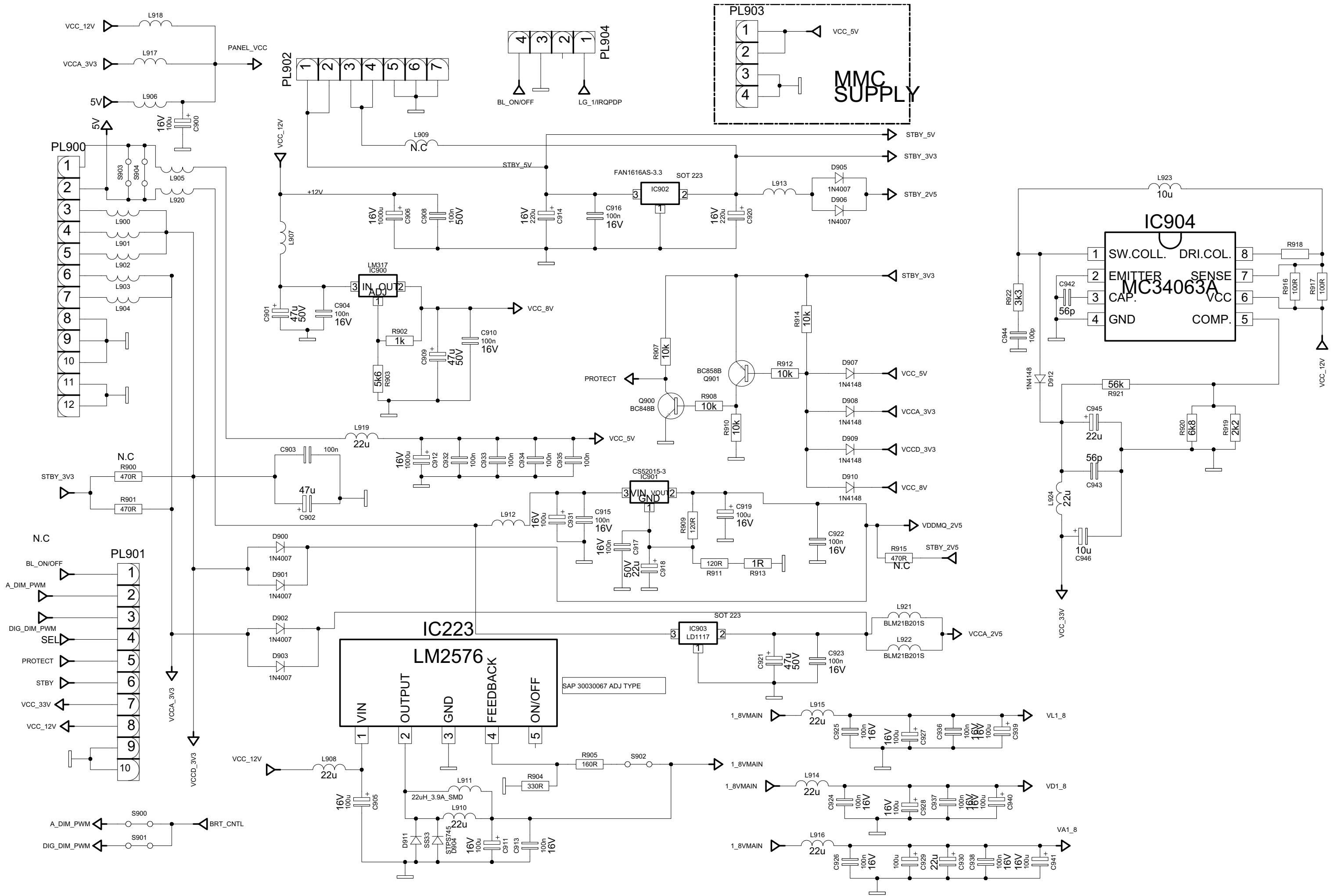












**THE UPDATED PARTS LIST  
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